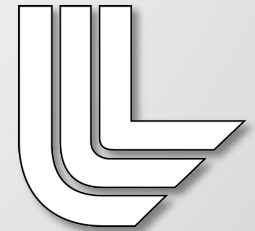


Application-driven MPI profiling with P^n MPI and mpiP

Martin Schulz
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory



Workshop on
Extreme Scale Performance Tools
held at SC2012, Salt Lake City



LLNL-PRES-603055

This work was performed under the auspices of the U.S.
Department of Energy by Lawrence Livermore National
Laboratory under Contract DE-AC52-07NA27344.



LLNL Tool Contributions to VI-HPS

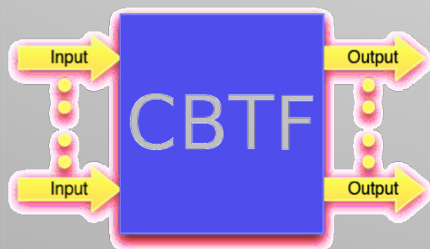
- Performance Analysis



- Debugging / Correctness



- Tool Infrastructures



LLNL Tool Contributions to VI-HPS

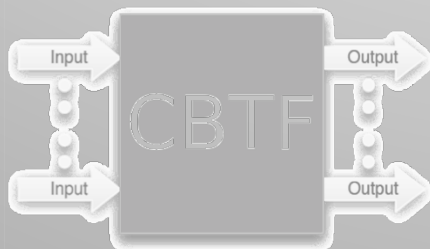
- Performance Analysis



- Debugging / Correctness



- Tool Infrastructures

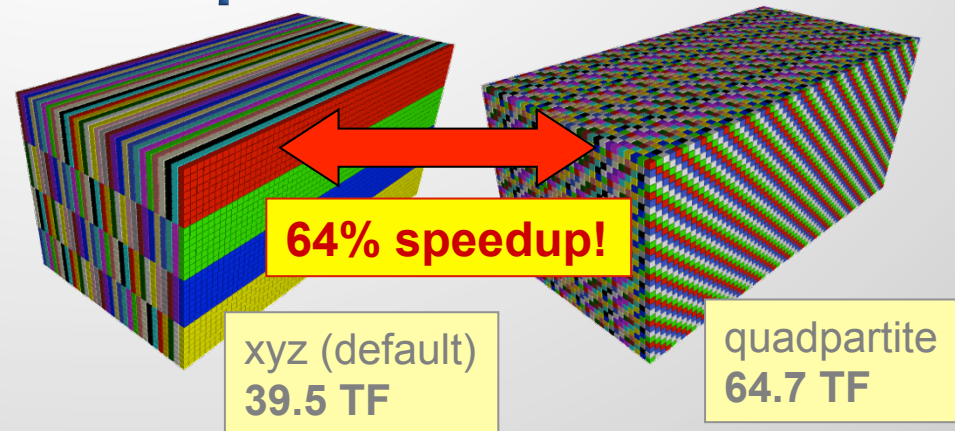


Understanding Communication Performance is Critical for any Extreme Scale Code Optimization

■ Example: FPMD Code

- How to map rows/columns of the underlying 2D matrix?
- Good node mappings essential for performance
- Requires understanding of communication patterns

■ Step 1: Communication profiling



mpiP: Efficient MPI Profiling



- **Open source MPI profiling library**

- Developed at LLNL, maintained by LLNL & ORNL
- Available from sourceforge
- Portable across MPI libraries and system architectures
- Available on most platforms, incl. IBM BG L/P/Q, Cray XT/XK/XE, Clusters

- **Easy-to-use and portable design**

- Relies on PMPI instrumentation alone
- Single text file as output

- **Usage:**

- Compile application with `-g` for better accuracy mapping to source
- Option 1: add `libmpip.a/.so` to the link line
- Option 2: set preload variable (e.g., `LD_PRELOAD`) to `libmpip.so`

mpiP 101 / Running



```
bash-3.2$ srun -n4 smg2000
mpiP:
mpiP:
mpiP: mpiP V3.1.2 (Build Dec 16 2008/17:31:26)
mpiP: Direct questions and errors to mpip-
help@lists.sourceforge.net
mpiP:
Running with these driver parameters:
(nx, ny, nz) = (60, 60, 60)
(Px, Py, Pz) = (4, 1, 1)
(bx, by, bz) = (1, 1, 1)
(cx, cy, cz) = (1.000000, 1.000000, 1.000000)
(n_pre, n_post) = (1, 1)
dim = 3
solver ID = 0
```

```
=====
Struct Interface:
=====
```

```
Struct Interface:
wall clock time = 0.075800 seconds
cpu clock time = 0.080000 seconds
```

Header

```
=====
Setup phase times:
=====
```

```
SMG Setup:
```

```
  wall clock time = 1.473074 seconds
  cpu clock time = 1.470000 seconds
=====
```

```
Solve phase times:
=====
```

```
SMG Solve:
```

```
  wall clock time = 8.176930 seconds
  cpu clock time = 8.180000 seconds
```

```
Iterations = 7
```

```
Final Relative Residual Norm = 1.459319e-07
```

```
mpiP:
mpiP: Storing mpiP output in [./smg2000-p.4.11612.1.mpiP].
mpiP:
bash-3.2$
```

Output File

mpiP 101 / Output – Overview



@--- MPI Time (seconds) ---

Task	AppTime	MPITime	MPI%
0	9.78	1.97	20.12
1	9.8	1.95	19.93
2	9.8	1.87	19.12
3	9.77	2.15	21.99
*	39.1	7.94	20.29

mpiP 101 / Output – per Function Timing



@--- Aggregate Time (top twenty, descending, milliseconds) ---

Call	Site	Time	App%	MPI%	COV
Waitall	10	4.4e+03	11.24	55.40	0.32
Isend	3	1.69e+03	4.31	21.24	0.34
Irecv	23	980	2.50	12.34	0.36
Waitall	12	137	0.35	1.72	0.71
Type_commit	17	103	0.26	1.29	0.36
Type_free	9	99.4	0.25	1.25	0.36
Waitall	6	81.7	0.21	1.03	0.70
Type_free	15	79.3	0.20	1.00	0.36
Type_free	1	67.9	0.17	0.85	0.35
Type_free	20	63.8	0.16	0.80	0.35
Isend	21	57	0.15	0.72	0.20
Isend	7	48.6	0.12	0.61	0.37
Type_free	8	29.3	0.07	0.37	0.37
Irecv	19	27.8	0.07	0.35	0.32
Irecv	14	25.8	0.07	0.32	0.34
...					

Fine Tuning a Profile Run

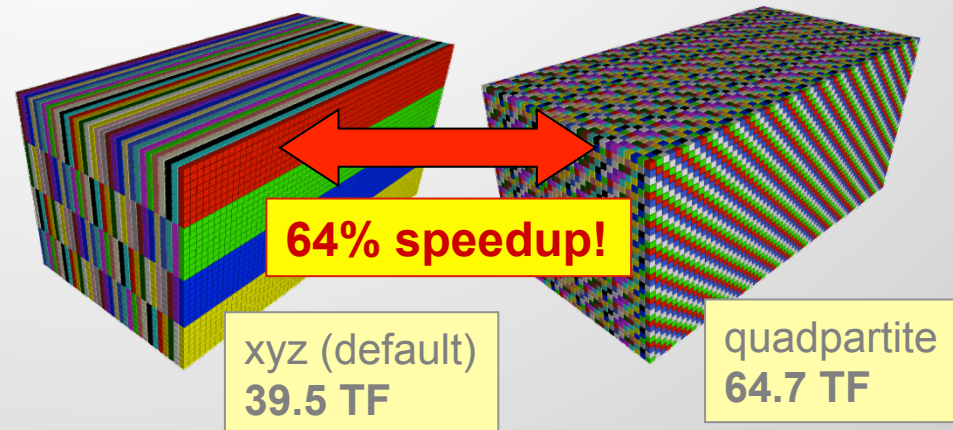


- **Tweak parameters to gain better result and/or reduce data**
 - Default settings provide reasonable first overview
 - Change parameters to pin point more details
- **Options**
 - Stack trace depth
 - Selective profiling using `MPI_Pcontrol(...)`
 - Reduced output options for large scale runs
- **In mpiP controlled by MPIP environment variable**
 - Set by user before profile run / command line style argument list
 - Example: `MPIP = "-c -o -k 4"` (stack trace 4, include callsites)

Flat Profiles Can Only Take You so Far

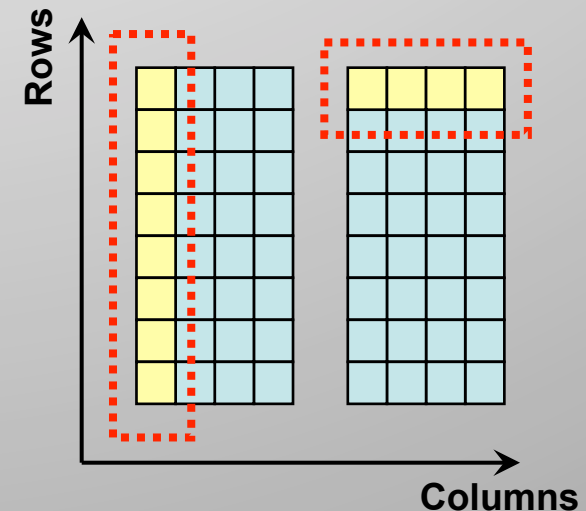
■ Example: FPMD Code

- How to map rows/columns of the underlying 2D matrix?
- Good node mappings essential for performance
- Requires understanding of communication patterns



■ Flat profile shows quite balanced execution

Operation	Sum
Send	317245
Allreduce	319028
Alltoallv	471488
Recv	379265
Bcast	401042



Customizing Profiling with PⁿMPI



- **Distinguish row/column**
 - MPI_Pcontrol option insufficient
 - Changing profiler too complex

Application
mpiP
MPI Library

Customizing Profiling with P^NMPI



- **Distinguish row/column**
 - MPI_Pcontrol option insufficient
 - Changing profiler too complex
- **P^NMPI virtualized PMPI**
 - Multiple tools concurrently
 - Dynamic loading of tools
 - Configuration through text file
 - Tools are independent
 - Tools can collaborate

Application
mpiP
MPI Library

Customizing Profiling with P^NMPI



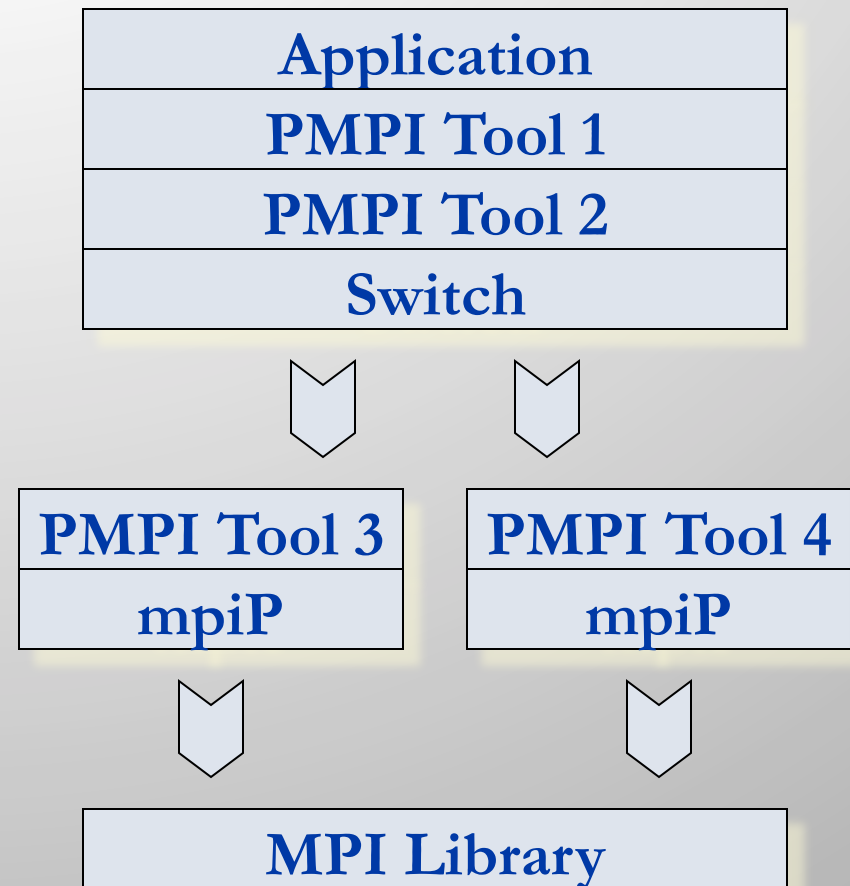
- **Distinguish row/column**
 - MPI_Pcontrol option insufficient
 - Changing profiler too complex
- **P^NMPI virtualized PMPI**
 - Multiple tools concurrently
 - Dynamic loading of tools
 - Configuration through text file
 - Tools are independent
 - Tools can collaborate

Application
PMPI Tool 1
PMPI Tool 2
MPI Library

Customizing Profiling with P^NMPI



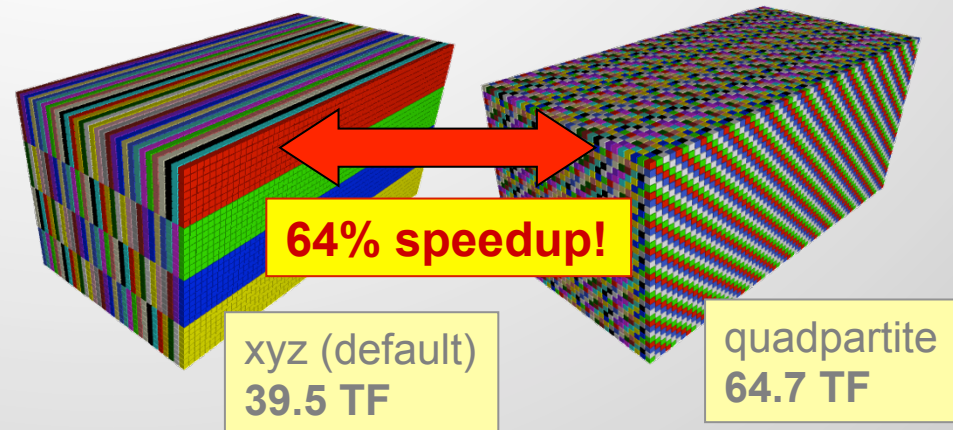
- **Distinguish row/column**
 - MPI_Pcontrol option insufficient
 - Changing profiler too complex
- **P^NMPI virtualized PMPI**
 - Multiple tools concurrently
 - Dynamic loading of tools
 - Configuration through text file
 - Tools are independent
 - Tools can collaborate
- **Transparently adding context**
 - Select tool based on MPI context
 - Pick appropriate profiler



Importance of Context Specific Profiling

■ Example: FPMD Code

- How to map rows/columns of the underlying 2D matrix
- Good node mappings essential for performance
- Requires understanding of communication patterns



■ Transparently split profiling using PⁿMPI

- Modifying 60+K LOC of a profiler vs. writing 100 LOC for a PⁿMPI module

Operation	Sum	Global	Row	Column
Send	317245	31014	202972	83259
Allreduce	319028	269876	49152	0
Alltoallv	471488	471488	0	0
Recv	379265	93034	202972	83259
Bcast	401042	11168	331698	58176

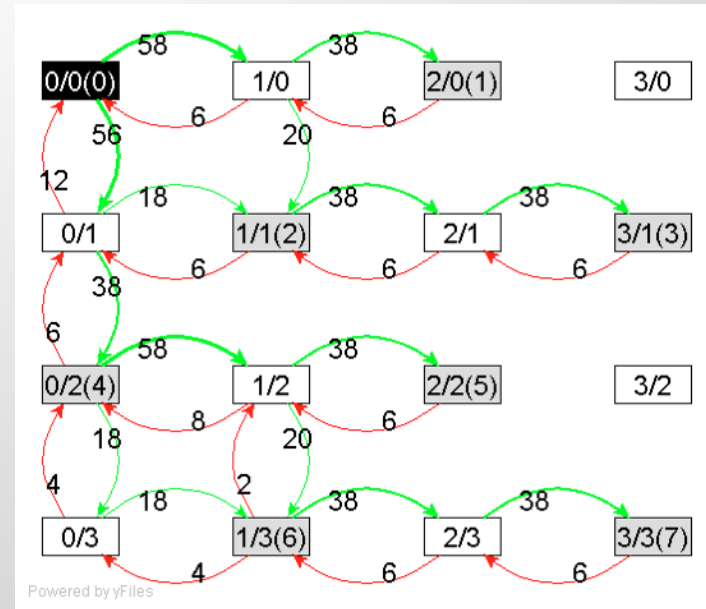
Key Observations to Drive the Optimization

- **Observation 1:**

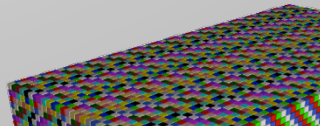
- Need balance rows and columns
- Take interference into account

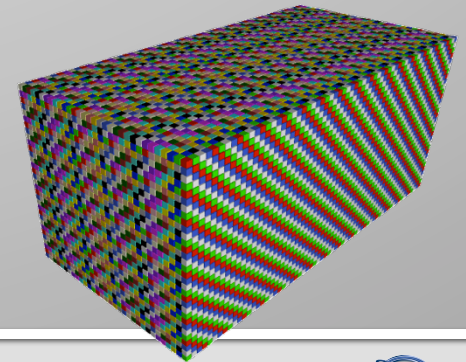
- **Observation 2:**

- Need to optimize for Bcast bandwidth
- Drive as many links as possible



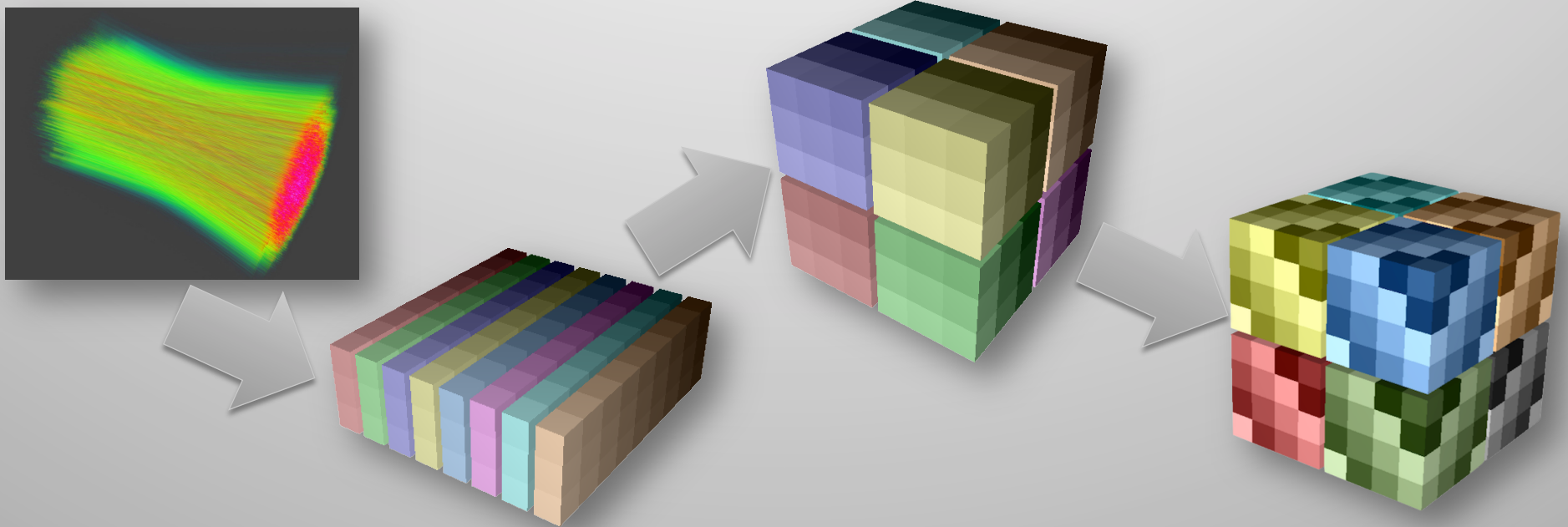
- **Summary and Lessons Learned**

- mpiP is an easy-to-use and highly portable and scalable MPI profiler
 - Customizing the profiling is essential to understand performance
 - Modifying profiler for each application is impractical
 - PⁿMPI can help to add transparent context to mpiP
 - Experiments had to be at scale
 - Optimization itself only requires new map files
- 



Rubik: a Flexible Tool to Create Map Files

- **Map files for Cartesian applications to N-dim tori network**
 - Ability to specify application and machine partitions
 - Map one into the other
 - Transformations within partitions to increase bandwidth



<http://scalability.llnl.gov/>