

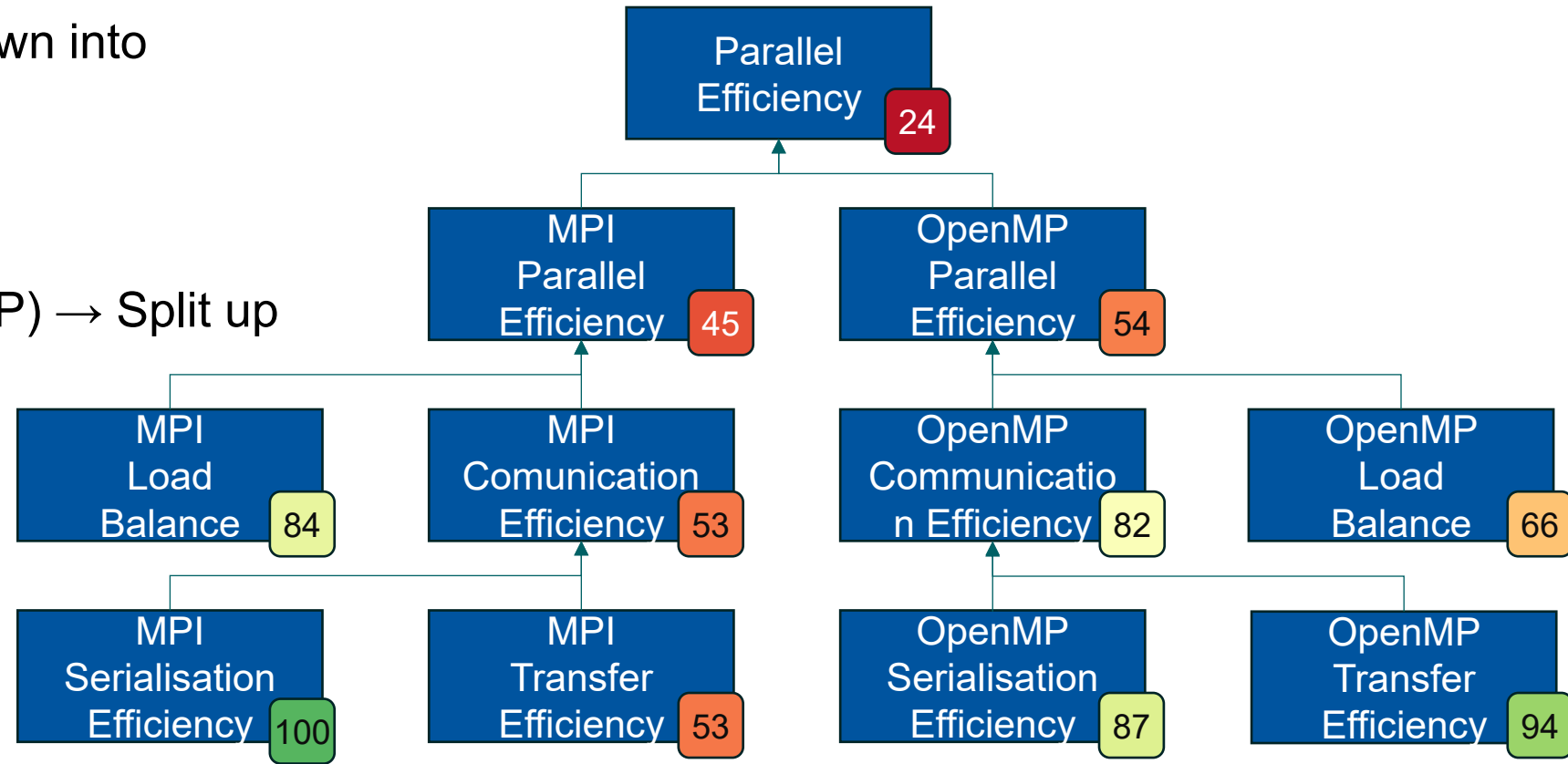
# OTF-CPT

On-the-fly Critical Path Tool



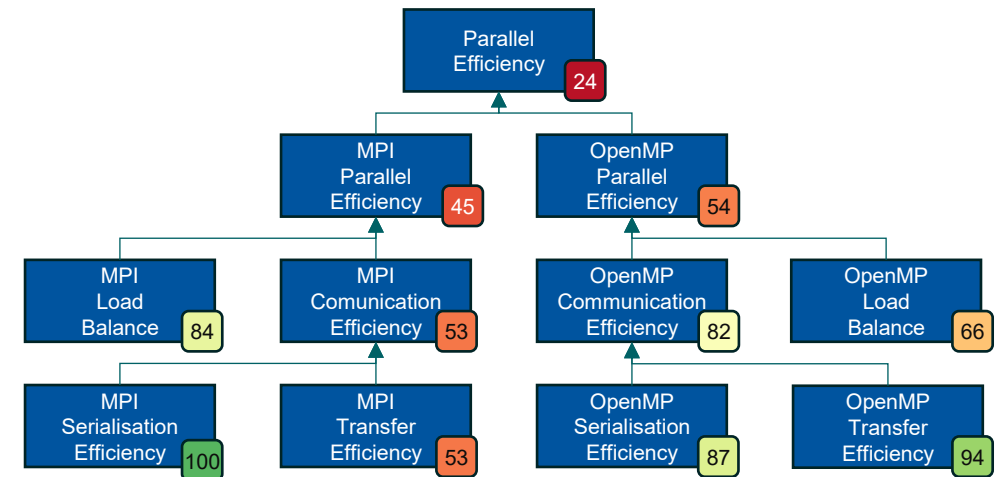
# Hybrid Model Factors

- Highlight issues in the parallel structure of an application
- Parallel Efficiency breaks down into
  - Load balance
  - Serialization
  - Transfer
- Hybrid Setups (MPI+OpenMP) → Split up efficiencies
- Child metrics multiply to parent metric



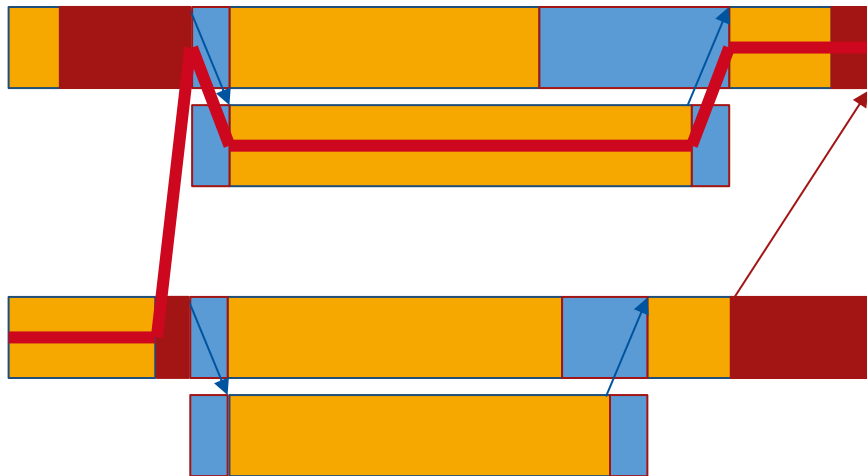
# What to measure?

- *Useful time*: execution time outside parallel runtimes
  - Track execution time on each thread excluding time inside MPI / OpenMP runtimes
- *Real runtime*: observed execution time
  - Track wall clock time from start to end.
- *Ideal runtime*: execution time on an ideal machine with 0 communication cost (inf. BW / 0 lat)
  - Track useful time on critical path → assumes 0 communication cost



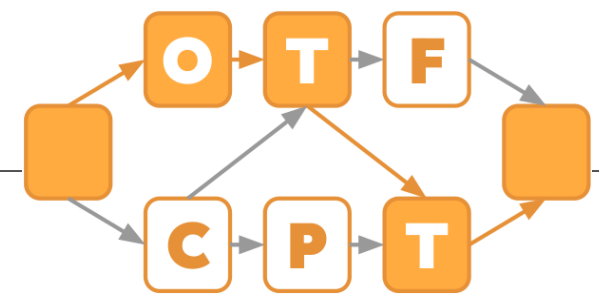
# The Critical Path

- We measure the length of the *Critical Path* of an application
  - Longest chain of dependent useful computations
  - Defines the total runtime → optimizations outside of the critical path do not directly decrease total runtime
  - Useful computation on the Critical Path vs total runtime shows the cost of synchronization

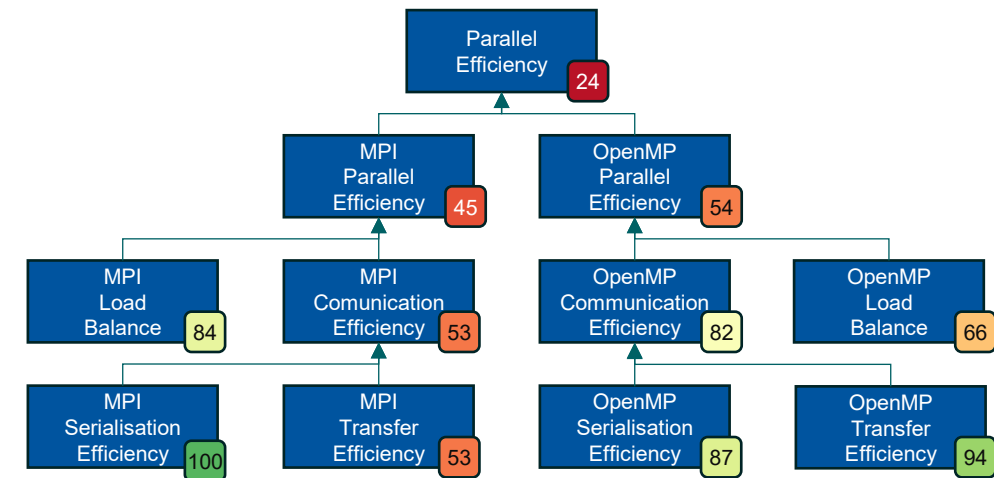


Application  
MPI Comm  
OpenMP

# On The Fly Critical Path Tool (OTF-CPT)



- Forward-only analysis
  - we only need the metrics of the critical path, but not the concrete path
- Times are measured on thread level and propagated on the critical path
- Relevant metrics: useful computation, time outside the OpenMP runtime
- Relevant critical paths: global, process-local, thread-local
- Calculate hybrid model factors at the end of execution
  - High level overview over parallel application performance



## OTF-CPT: Usage

- Run your parallel **application** normally
  - No recompilation necessary
- Tool provided as library: libOTFCPT.so
- Use **LD\_PRELOAD** to run application with the tool
- Set **OMP\_TOOL\_LIBRARIES** for OpenMP-Support
- Outputs **statistics** and the **hybrid model factors**

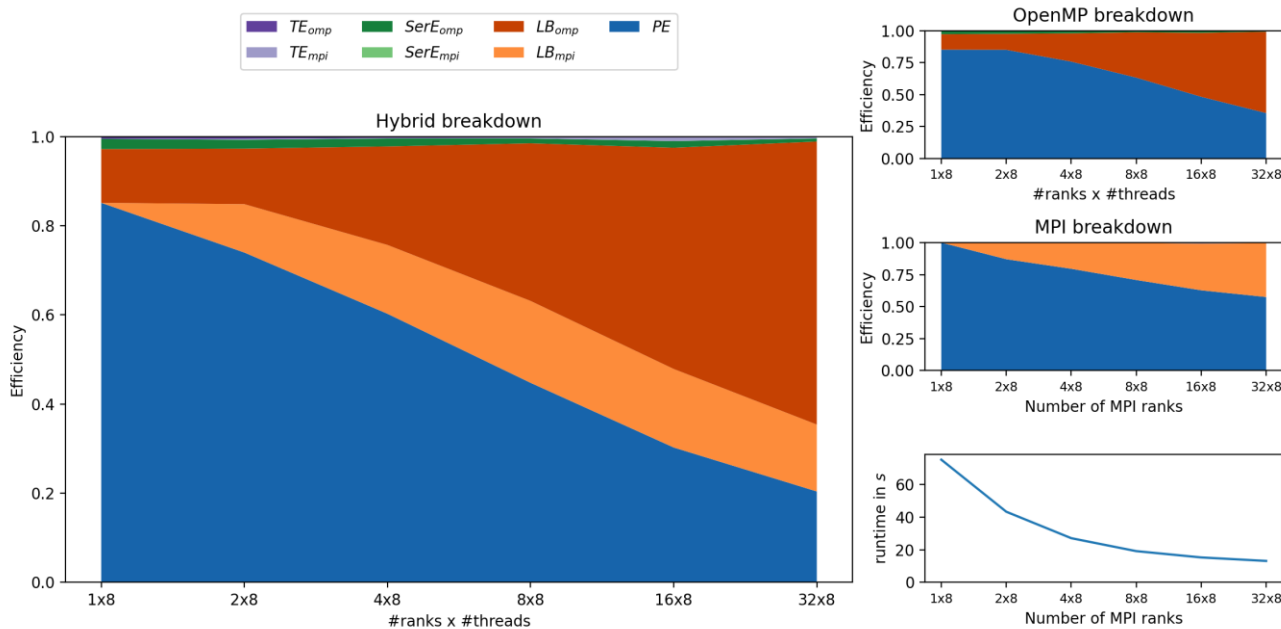
```
$ export OMP_NUM_THREADS=8
$ mpirun -np 32 \
env LD_PRELOAD=./libOTFCPT.so \
OMP_TOOL_LIBRARIES=./libOTFCPT.so \
./hybrid-application

... APP OUTPUT
-----CritPath Analysis Tool results:-----
=> Number of processes:          32
=> Number of threads:           256
=> Average Computation (in s):   34.797
=> Total runtime (in s):         37.146

-----POP metrics-----
Parallel Efficiency:             0.937
Load Balance:                   0.976
Communication Efficiency:        0.960
Serialisation Efficiency:        0.989
Transfer Efficiency:             0.971
MPI Parallel Efficiency:         0.956
MPI Load Balance:               0.981
MPI Communication Efficiency:    0.974
MPI Serialisation Efficiency:     0.997
MPI Transfer Efficiency:         0.977
OMP Parallel Efficiency:         0.980
OMP Load Balance:               0.995
OMP Communication Efficiency:    0.986
OMP Serialisation Efficiency:     0.992
OMP Transfer Efficiency:         0.994
-----
```

# Visualization

- Outputs can be visualized using a provided python script
  - Expects run outputs with the name <PREFIX>-<RANKS>x<THREADS>.\* in a single folder.
  - Will search for the OTF-CPT output and parse it
  - Usage: `python CPT-plot.py -o <OUT_DIR> -p <PREFIX> experiment_directory`



#Ranks x #Threads	1x8	2x8	4x8	8x8	16x8	32x8
<b>Global Efficiency</b>	85.2	73.9	59.1	41.8	26.2	15.2
<b>Parallel Efficiency</b>	85.2	74.0	60.2	44.7	30.3	20.4
<b>Load Balance</b>	87.6	76.0	61.6	45.4	31.0	20.6
<b>Communication Efficiency</b>	97.2	97.3	97.8	98.3	97.5	98.8
<b>Serialisation Efficiency</b>	97.7	97.9	98.2	98.8	98.5	99.2
<b>Transfer Efficiency</b>	99.5	99.4	99.6	99.5	99.0	99.6
<b>MPI Parallel Efficiency</b>	100.0	87.1	79.4	70.7	62.7	57.5
<b>MPI Load Balance</b>	100.0	87.2	79.6	70.9	63.2	57.6
<b>MPI Communication Efficiency</b>	100.0	99.8	99.8	99.7	99.2	99.7
<b>MPI Serialisation Efficiency</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
<b>MPI Transfer Efficiency</b>	100.0	99.8	99.9	99.8	99.2	99.7
<b>OMP Parallel Efficiency</b>	85.2	85.0	75.8	63.2	48.3	35.5
<b>OMP Load Balance</b>	87.6	87.2	77.4	64.1	49.1	35.8
<b>OMP Communication Efficiency</b>	97.2	97.5	97.9	98.6	98.3	99.1
<b>OMP Serialisation Efficiency</b>	97.7	98.0	98.2	98.9	98.5	99.3
<b>OMP Transfer Efficiency</b>	99.5	99.5	99.7	99.8	99.8	99.9
<b>Computational Scalability</b>	100.0	99.9	98.1	93.5	86.5	74.7

# Live Demo: NPB



## Options and Region of Interest

- Environment variable OTFCPT\_OPTIONS controls options

```
export OTFCPT_OPTIONS="verbose=1 stopped=1"
```

- Start and Stop of tool
  - MPI\_Pcontrol or omp\_control\_tool (for OpenMP-only applications)
  - Currently only a single pair of start/stop markers possible

```
MPI_Pcontrol(1); // start
// region of interest
MPI_Pcontrol(0); // stop
```

```
omp_control_tool(omp_control_tool_start, 0, NULL); // start
// region of interest
omp_control_tool(omp_control_tool_stop, 0, NULL); // stop
```

OTFCPT_OPTIONS		
Flag Name	Default Value	Description
stopped	0	Delay the start of measurement until a start marker is encountered
data_path	stdout	Write metric data to "<data_path>-<#procs>x<#threads>.txt". Special values are "stdout" and "stderr". Overwrites the file without checking.
log_path	stdout	Write logging output to "<log_path>.<pid>". Special values are "stdout" and "stderr". Only relevant with verbose=1
verbose	0	Print additional statistics.
enable	1	Use OTF-CPT during execution.

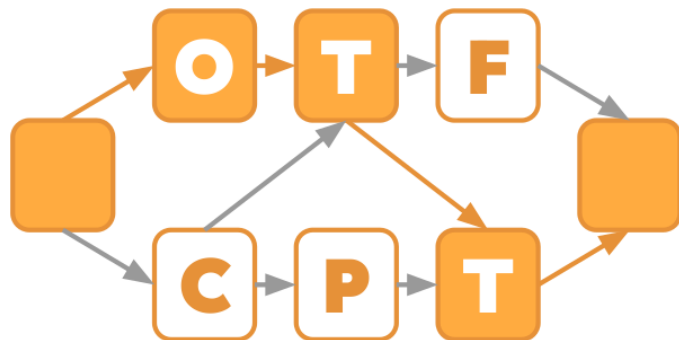
## Future Developments

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- GPU support
  - target regions using OMPT
  - CUDA events using CUPTI
- Additional OpenMP focused metrics
  - Focus on tasking
- More profiling information
  - Region markers
- Multiple starts and stops

## Available on Github and MN5

- The OTF-CPT is available on github
- Also available on MN5 for this workshop
  - Available in /gpfs/scratch/nct\_362/RWTH/OTF-CPT
  - Prebuilt for:
    - intel/2023.2.0, impi/2021.10.0
    - intel/2025.2, impi/2021.10.0
    - Intel/2023.2.0, openmpi/4.1.5
  - Please ask for other compiler/MPI combinations (or build yourself)



<https://github.com/RWTH-HPC/OTF-CPT>