

Analysis report examination with CUBE

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CUBE

Parallel program analysis report exploration tools

- Libraries for XML report reading & writing
- Algebra utilities for report processing
- GUI for interactive analysis exploration
 - requires Qt4

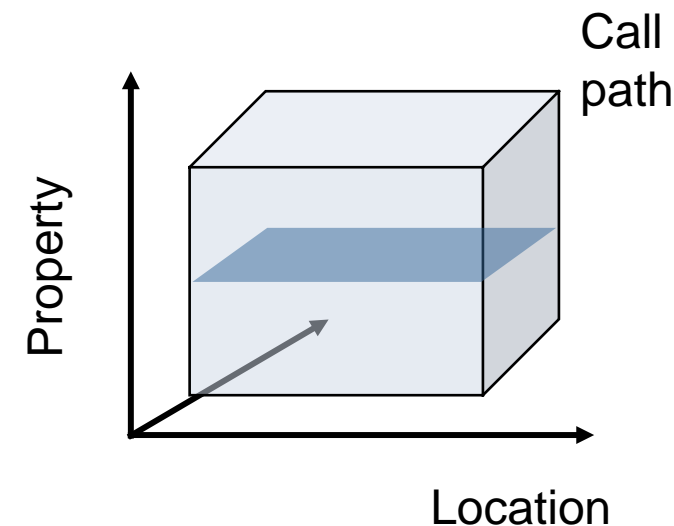
Originally developed as part of Scalasca toolset

Now available as a separate component

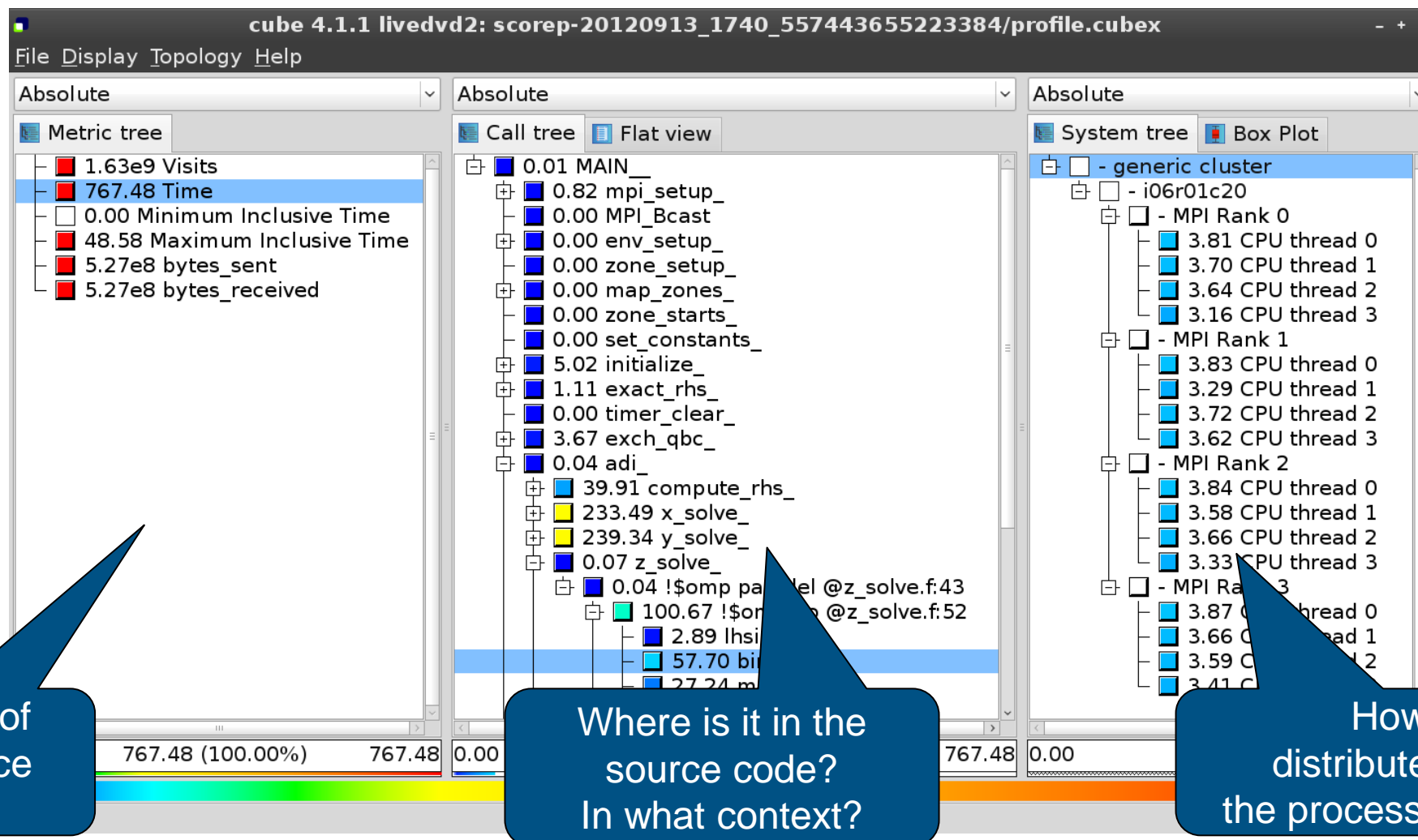
- Can be installed independently of Score-P, e.g., on laptop or desktop
- Latest release: CUBE 4.3.2 (Jun 2015)

Analysis presentation and exploration

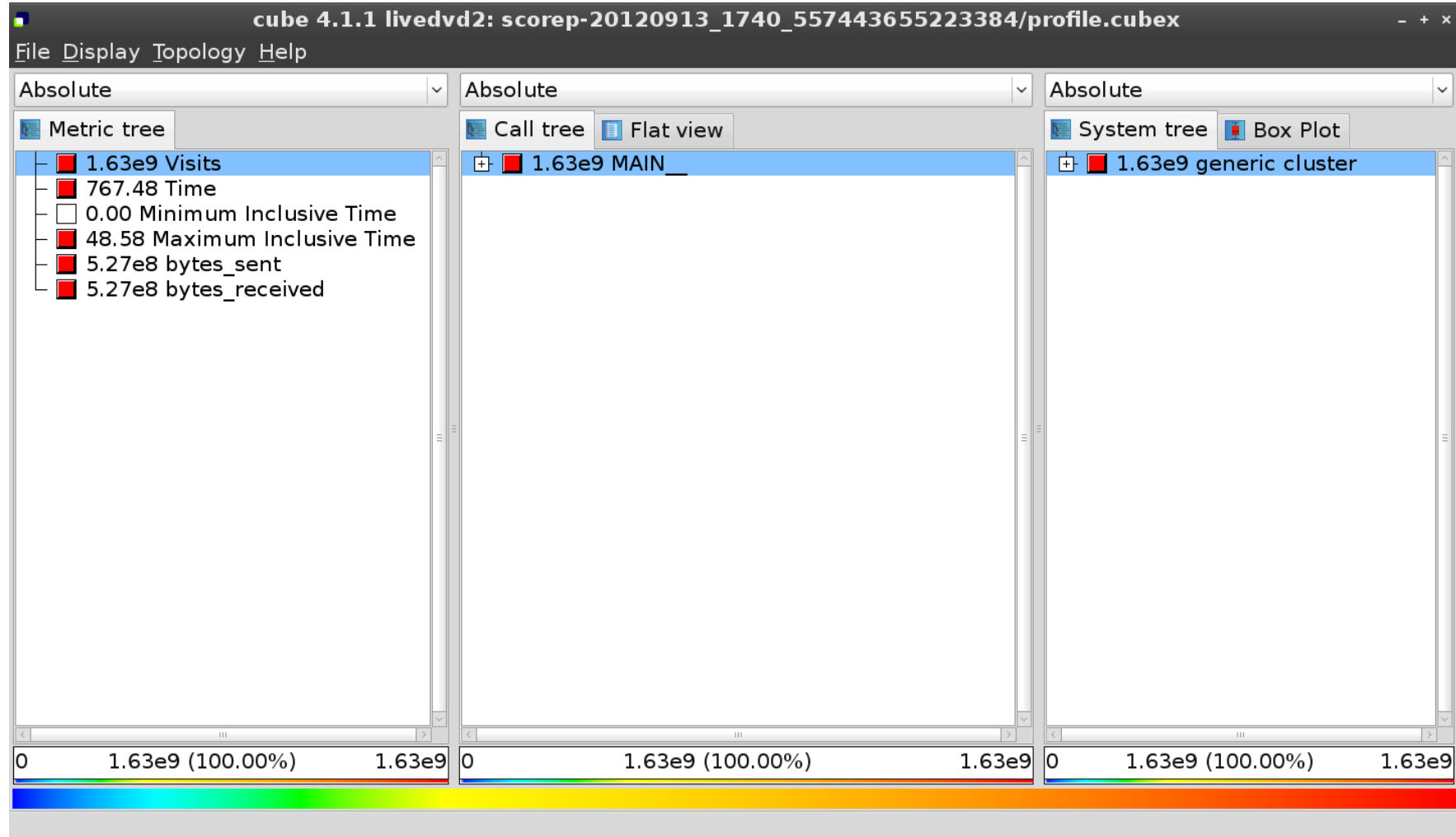
- Representation of values (severity matrix) on three hierarchical axes
 - Performance property (metric)
 - Call path (program location)
 - System location (process/thread)
- Three coupled tree browsers
- CUBE displays severities
 - As values: for precise comparison
 - As colors: for easy identification of hotspots
 - Inclusive value when closed & exclusive value when expanded
 - Customizable via display modes



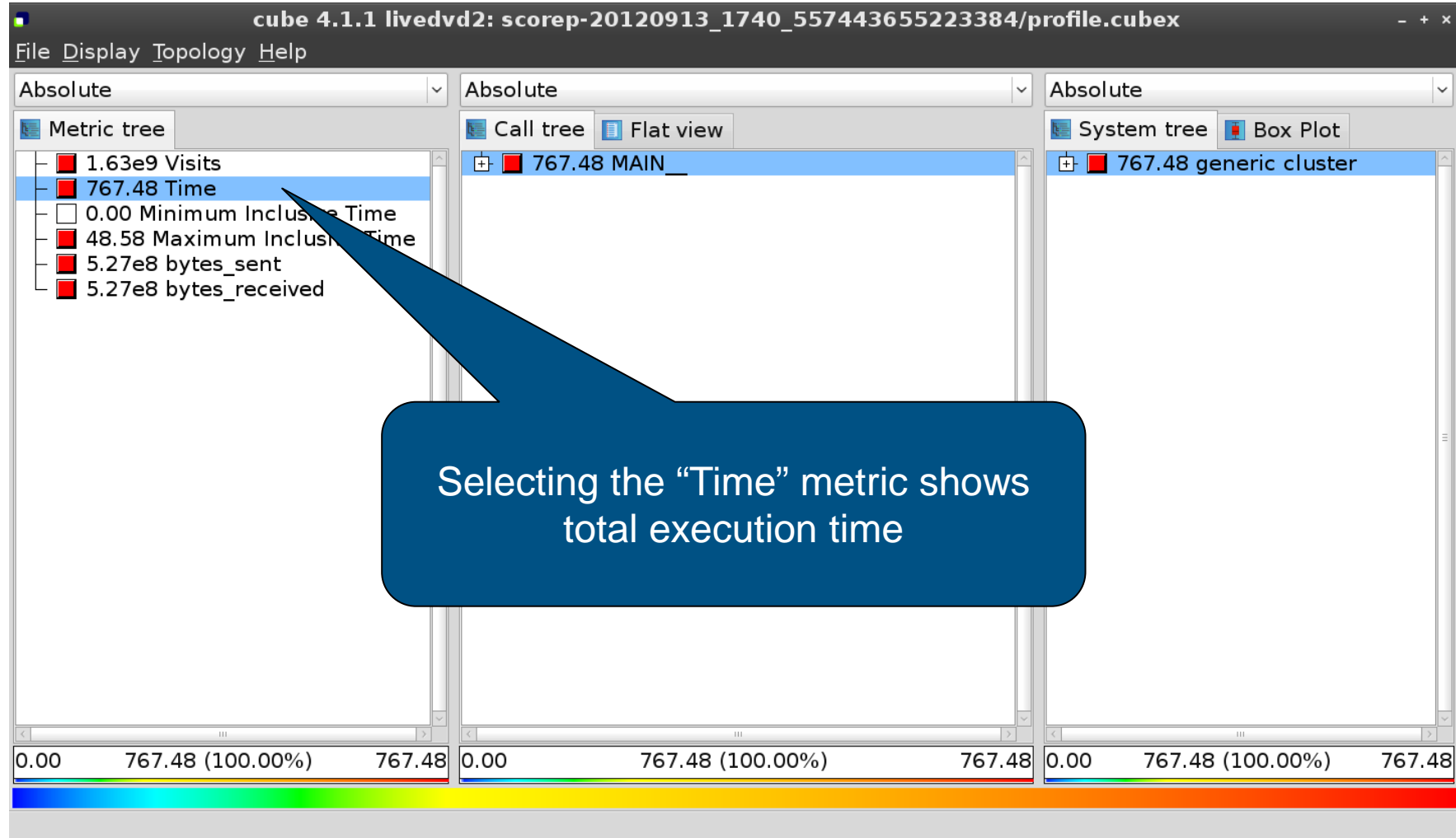
Analysis presentation



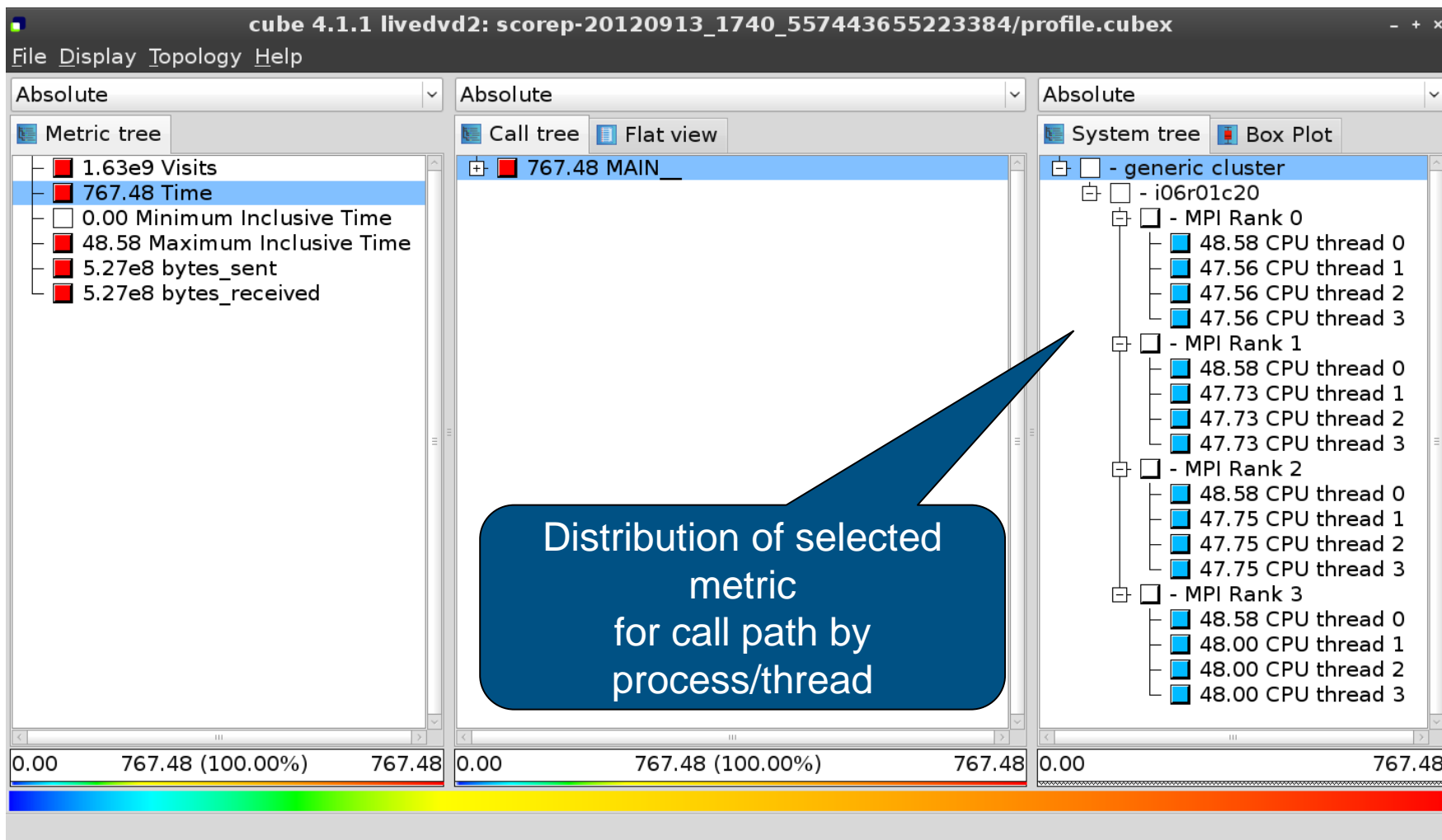
Analysis report exploration (opening view)



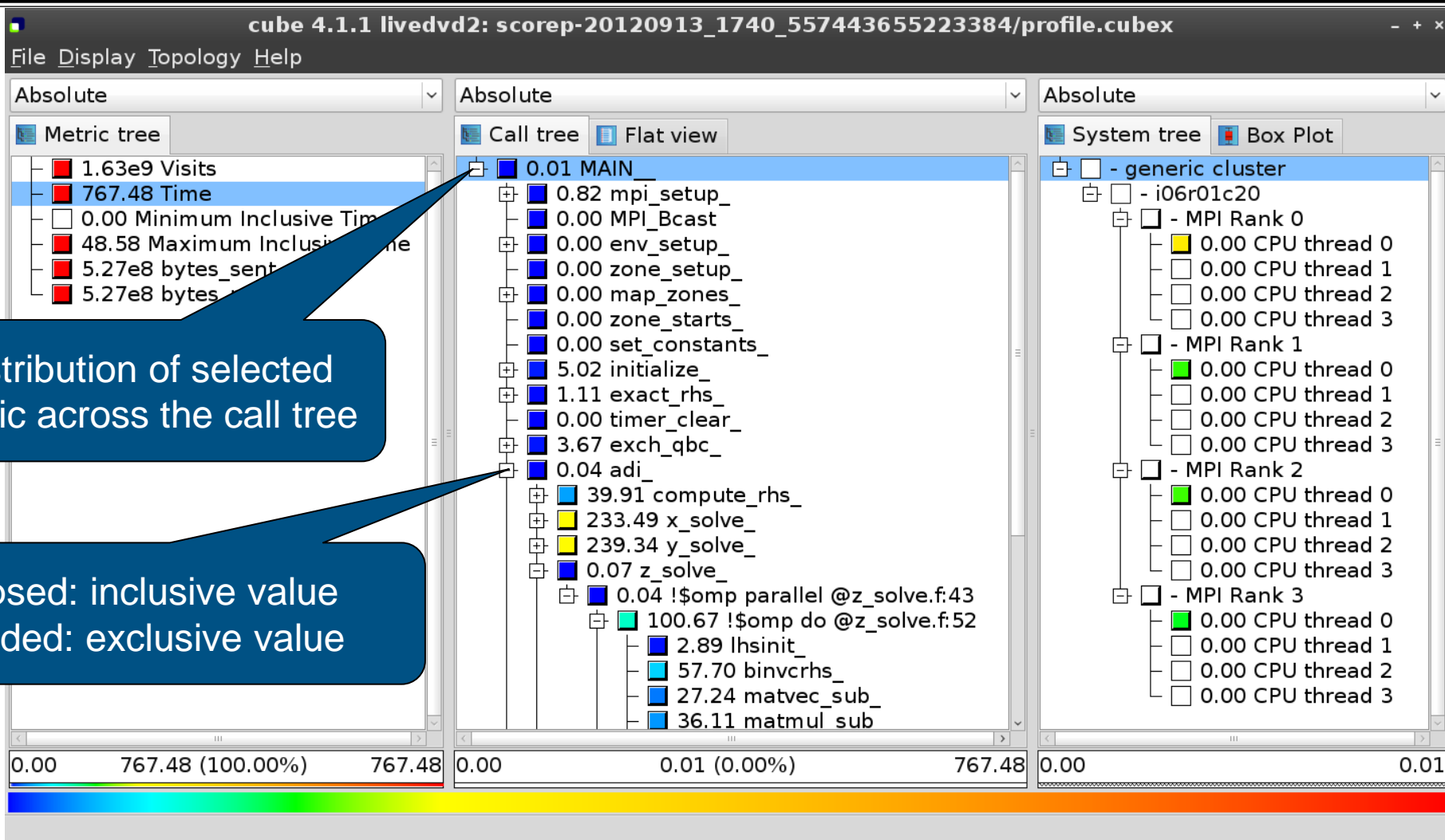
Metric selection



Expanding the system tree

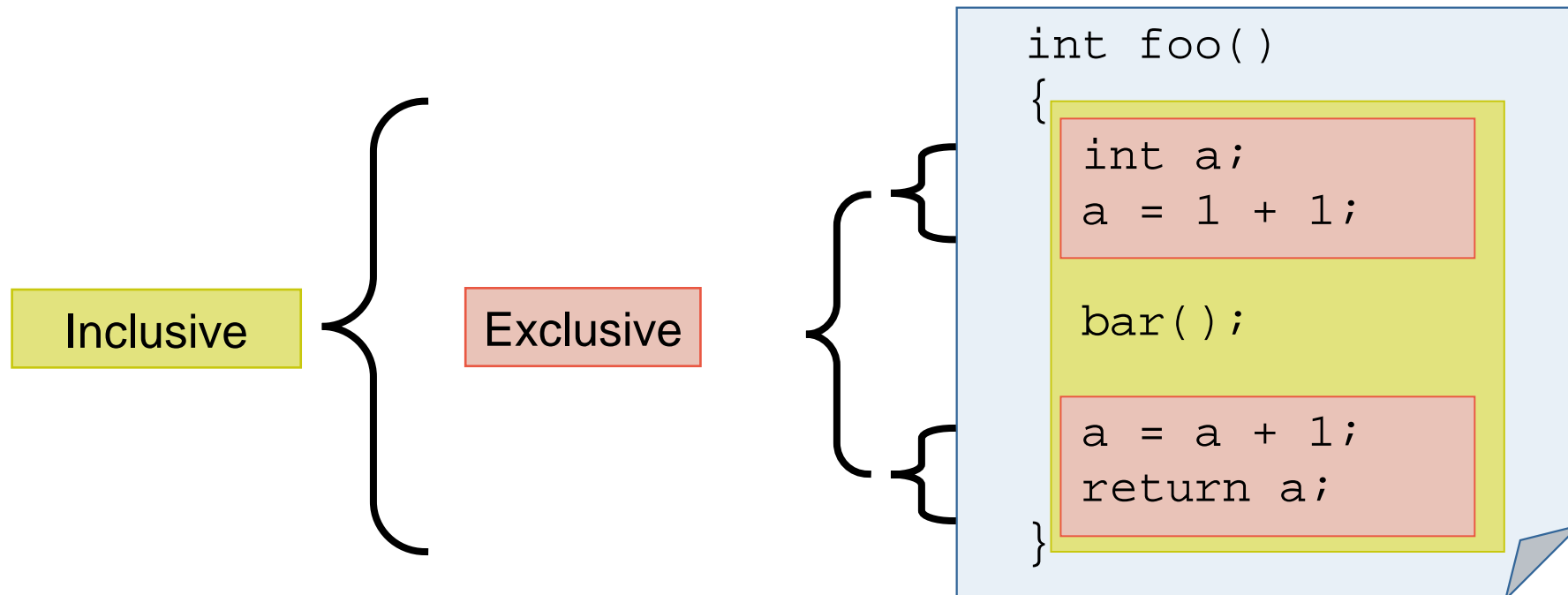


Expanding the call tree

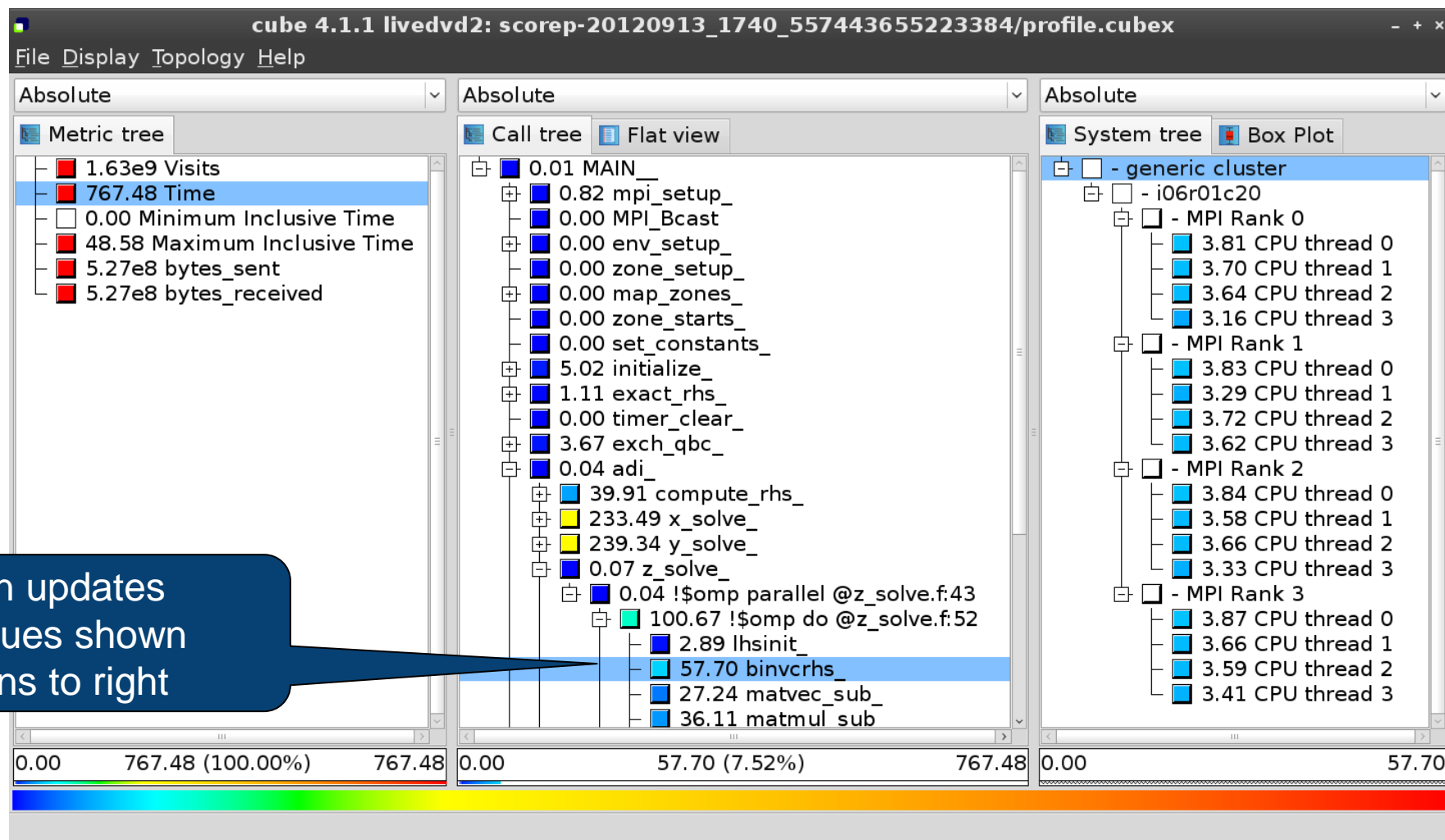


Inclusive vs. Exclusive values

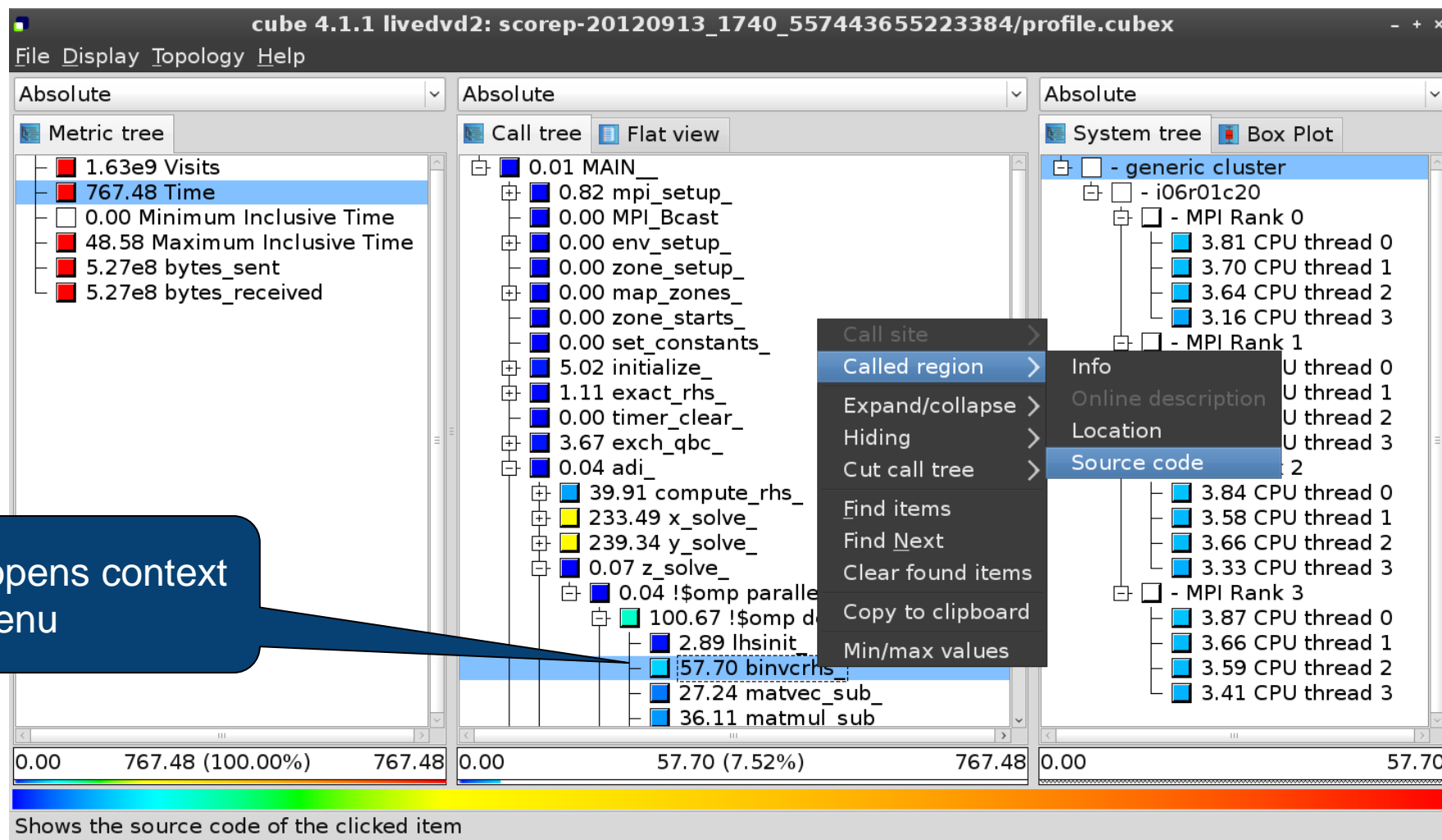
- Inclusive
 - Information of all sub-elements aggregated into single value
- Exclusive
 - Information cannot be subdivided further



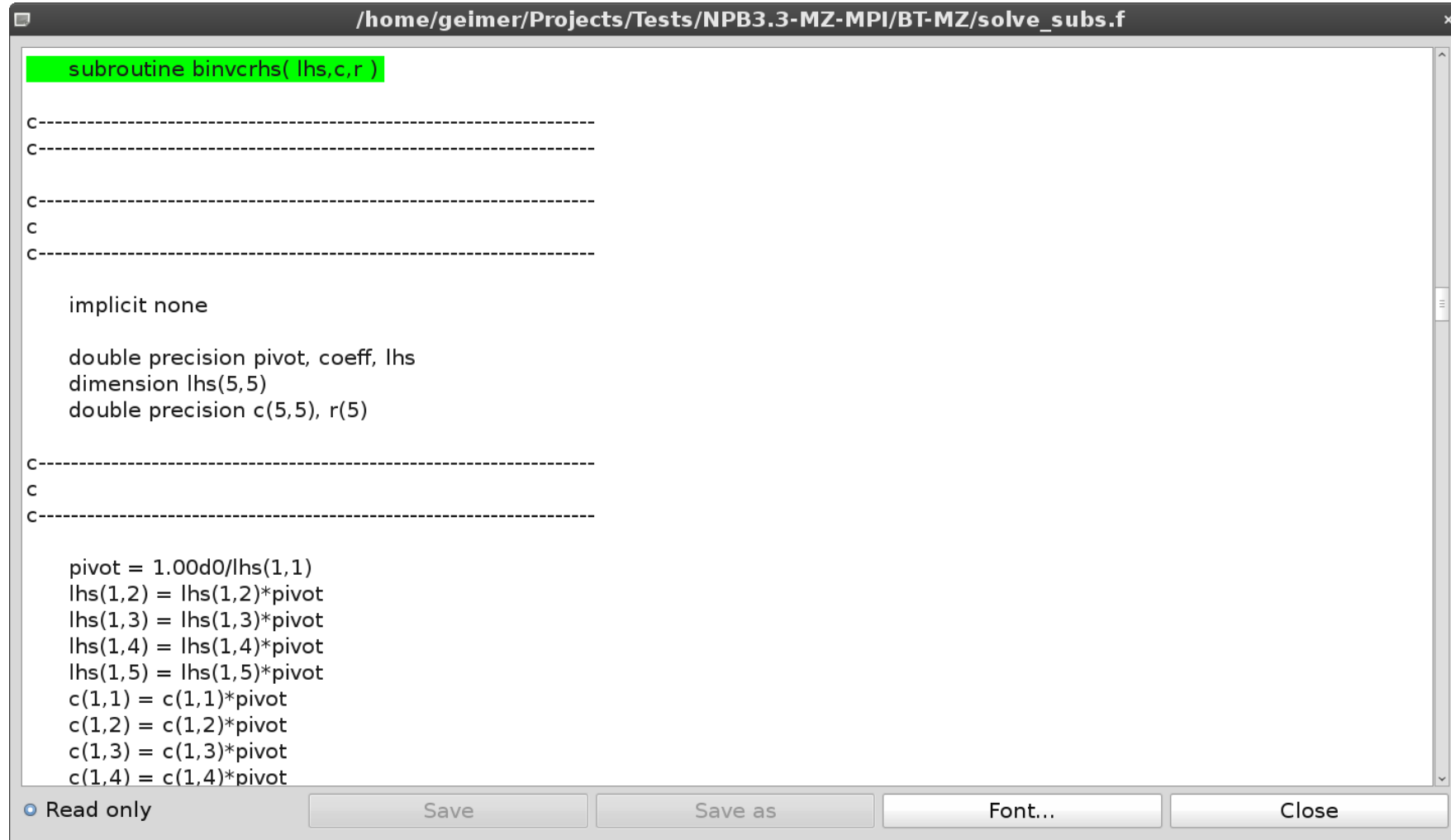
Selecting a call path



Source-code view via context menu



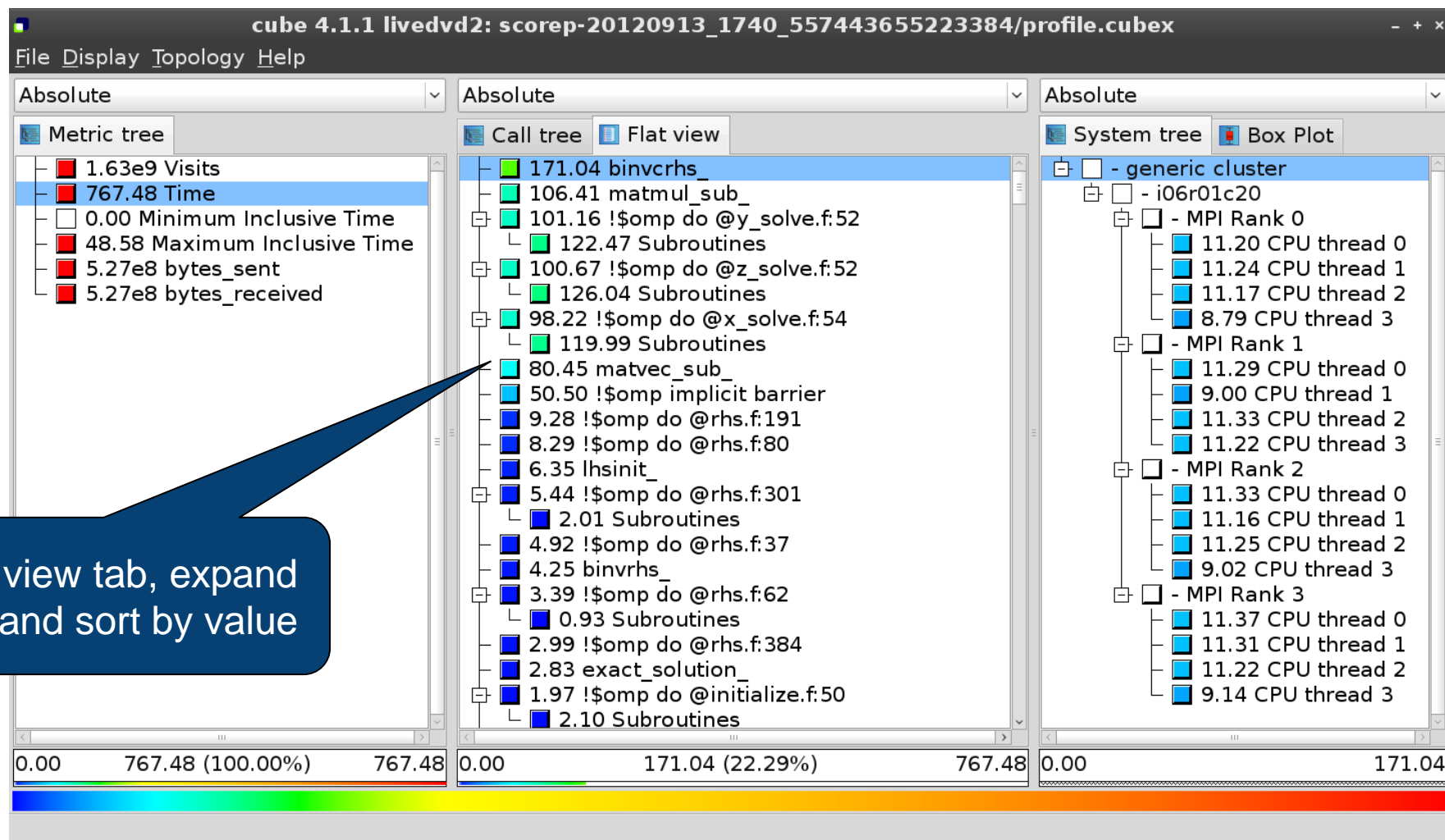
Source-code view



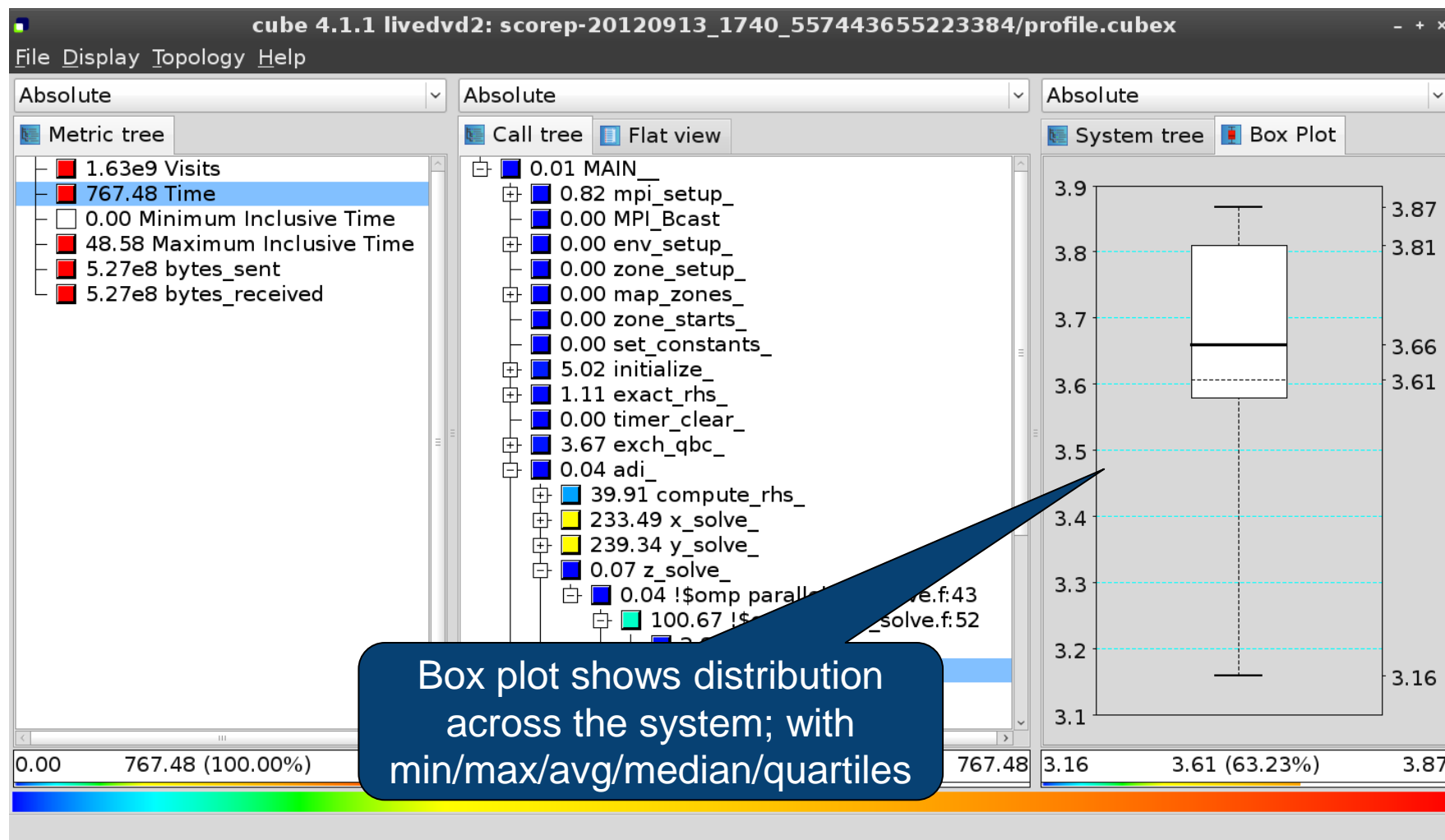
```
subroutine binvcrhs( lhs,c,r )  
  
C-----  
C-----  
  
C-----  
C  
C-----  
  
implicit none  
  
double precision pivot, coeff, lhs  
dimension lhs(5,5)  
double precision c(5,5), r(5)  
  
C-----  
C  
C-----  
  
pivot = 1.00d0/lhs(1,1)  
lhs(1,2) = lhs(1,2)*pivot  
lhs(1,3) = lhs(1,3)*pivot  
lhs(1,4) = lhs(1,4)*pivot  
lhs(1,5) = lhs(1,5)*pivot  
c(1,1) = c(1,1)*pivot  
c(1,2) = c(1,2)*pivot  
c(1,3) = c(1,3)*pivot  
c(1,4) = c(1,4)*pivot
```

☒ Read only Save Save as Font... Close

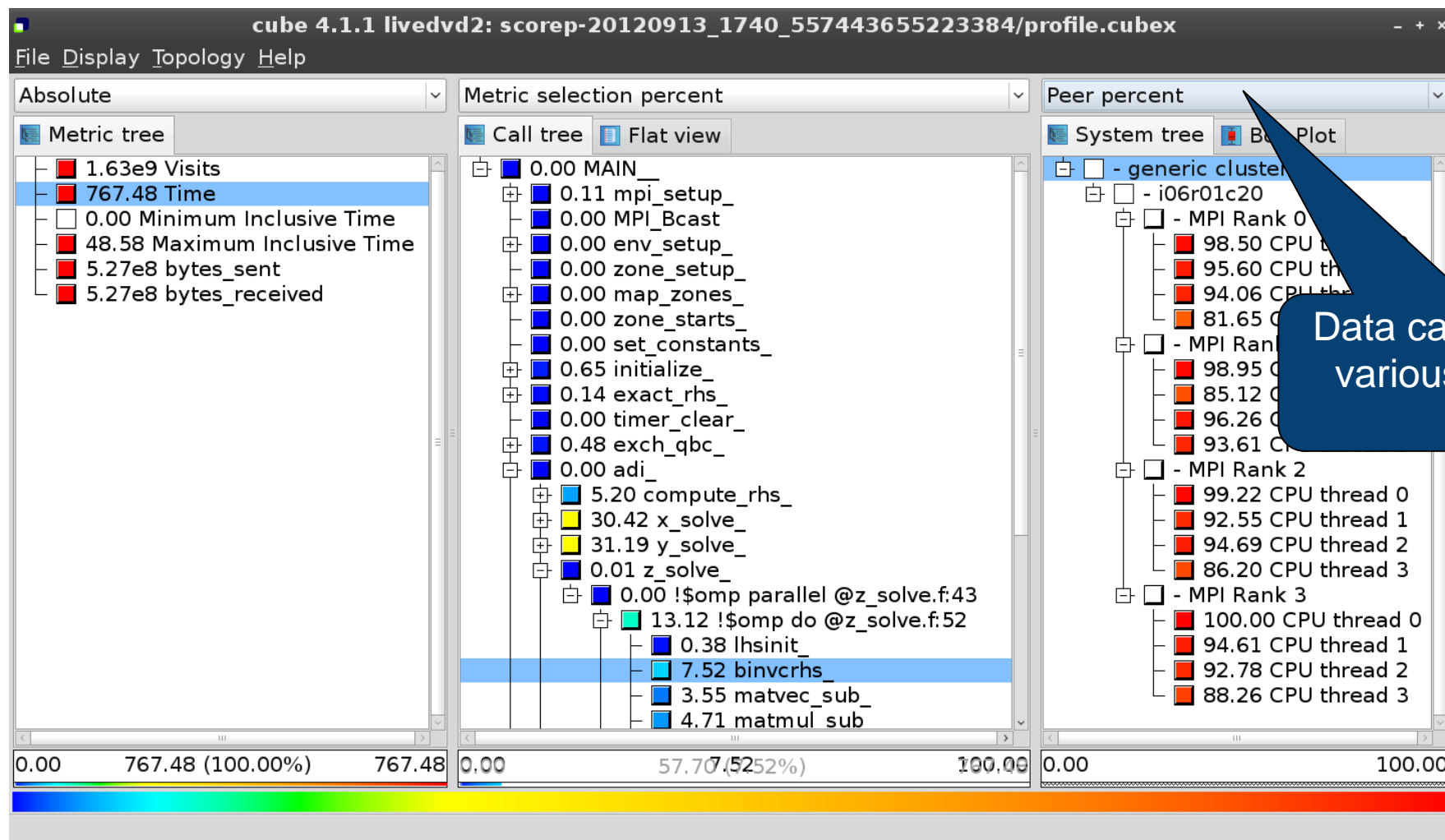
Flat profile view



Box plot view



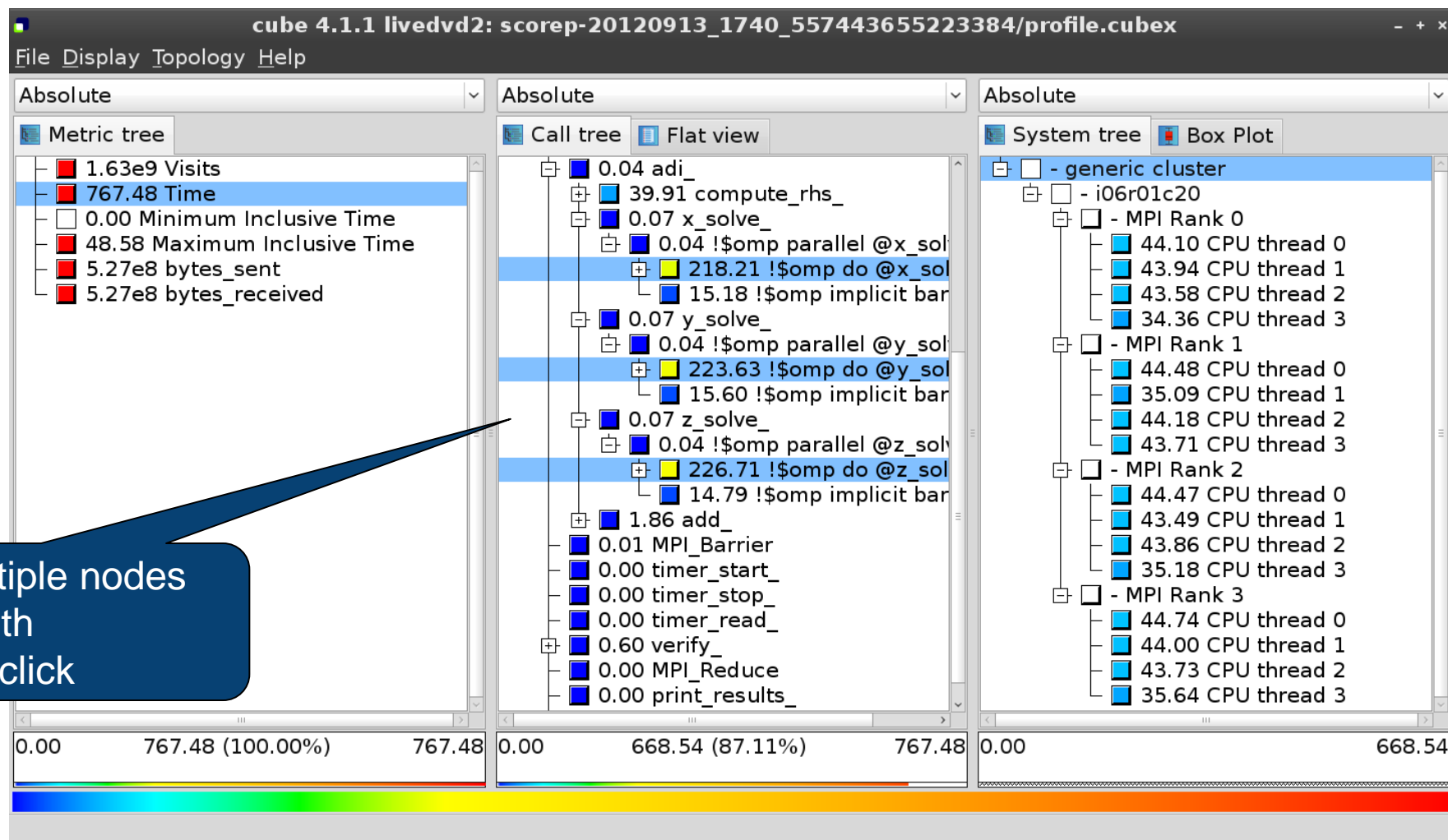
Alternative display modes



Important display modes

- Absolute
 - Absolute value shown in seconds/bytes/counts
- Selection percent
 - Value shown as percentage w.r.t. the selected node
“on the left” (metric/call path)
- Peer percent (system tree only)
 - Value shown as percentage relative to the maximum peer value

Multiple selection



Derived metrics in Cube

- Value of the derived metric is not stored, but **calculated** on-the-fly
- One defines an CubePL expression, e.g.:

metric::time(i)/metric::visits(e)

- Types of derived metrics:
 - **Prederived**: evaluation of the CubePL expression is done before the aggregation
 - **Postderived**: evaluation of the CubePL expression is performed after the aggregation

- Examples:

- “Average execution time” Postderived metric with an expression:

metric::time(i)/metric::visits(e)

- “Number of FLOP per second” Postderived metric with an expression:

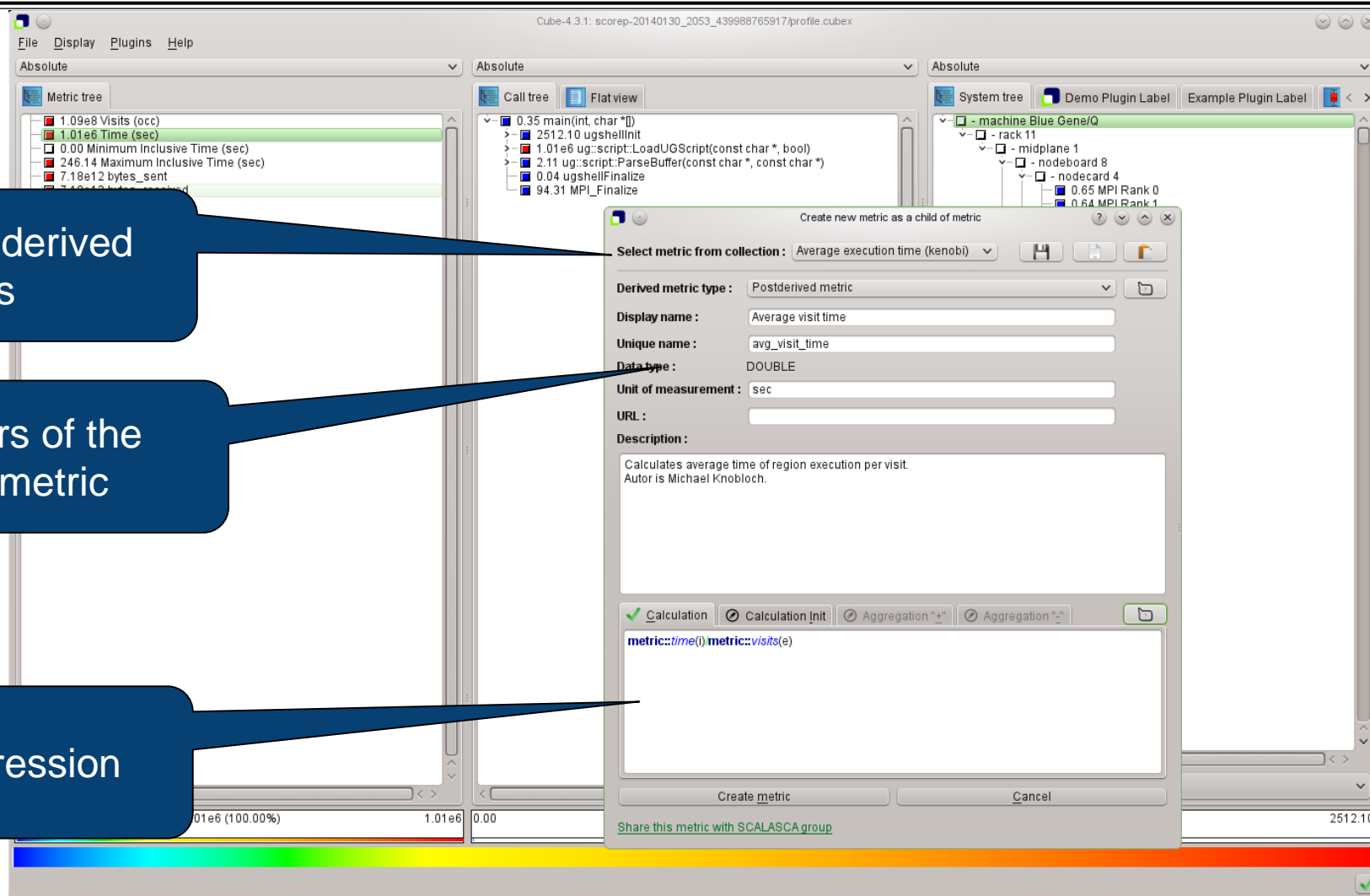
metric::FLOP()/metric::time()

Derived metrics in Cube GUI

Collection of derived metrics

Parameters of the derived metric

CubePL expression



Example derived metric FLOPS based on PAPI_FP_OPS and time

The screenshot displays the Cube-4.3.1 interface for metric derivation. On the left, the 'Edit metric FLOPS (on froggy1)' dialog is open, showing the derived metric type as 'Postderived metric', display name as 'FLOPS', unique name as 'flops', data type as 'DOUBLE', and unit of measurement as empty. The description field contains the formula: `metric::PAPI_FP_OPS()/metric::time()`. The main window shows three panels: 'Metric tree', 'Call tree', and 'System tree'. The 'Metric tree' panel lists various metrics, with '1.84e9 FLOPS' selected. The 'Call tree' panel shows the call stack for the selected metric, with '9.65e8 !\$omp do @exact_r...' selected. The 'System tree' panel shows the system hierarchy, with 'machine Linux' selected. The bottom status bar indicates the selected metric: 'Selected "\$omp do @exact_rhs.f:46"'. A color bar at the bottom shows the range of values from 0.00 to 1.84e9 (100.00%).

Edit metric FLOPS (on froggy1)

Select metric from collection: --- please select ---

Derived metric type: Postderived metric

Display name: FLOPS

Unique name: flops

Data type: DOUBLE

Unit of measurement:

URL:

Description:

Calculation: `metric::PAPI_FP_OPS()/metric::time()`

Share this metric with SCALASCA group

Cube-4.3.1: scorep_8x4_sum/profile.cubex (on froggy1)

Metric tree

- 1.17e7 Visits (occ)
- 1148.49 Time (sec)
- 0.00 Minimum Inclusive Time (sec)
- 41.57 Maximum Inclusive Time (...)
- 0 bytes_put (bytes)
- 0 bytes_get (bytes)
- 5.75e12 PAPI_TOT_INS (#)
- 2.69e12 PAPI_TOT_CYC (#)
- 2.12e12 PAPI_FP_OPS (#)
- 3.12e9 bytes_sent (bytes)
- 3.12e9 bytes_received (bytes)
- 1.84e9 FLOPS**

Call tree

- 3.17e5 MAIN
- 7.04e5 mpi_setup
- 6.34e4 MPI_Bcast
- 2.05e5 env_setup
- 7.39e5 zone_setup
- 9.31e5 map_zones
- 9.39e4 zone_starts
- 6.16e5 set_constants
- 5.91e8 initialize
- 0.00 exact_rhs
- 145.62 !\$omp parallel @exac...
- 2.54e4 !\$omp do @exact_r...
- 9.65e8 !\$omp do @exact_r...**
- 9.62e8 !\$omp do @exact_r...
- 8.14e8 !\$omp do @exact_r...
- 1.21e5 !\$omp do @exact_r...
- 0.00 !\$omp implicit barrier...
- 6.23e4 exch_qbc
- 1.94e9 adi
- 2.19e5 MPI_Barrier
- 1.92e9 <<bt_iter>> (200 itera...
- 1.98e8 verify
- 1.05e5 MPI_Reduce

System tree

- machine Linux
- node frog6
- MPI Rank 0
- 1.17e9 Master thread
- 9.43e8 OMP thread 1
- 9.47e8 OMP thread 2
- 9.47e8 OMP thread 3
- MPI Rank 1
- 1.17e9 Master thread
- 9.87e8 OMP thread 1
- 9.68e8 OMP thread 2
- 9.72e8 OMP thread 3
- MPI Rank 2
- 1.10e9 Master thread
- 8.97e8 OMP thread 1
- 8.77e8 OMP thread 2
- 8.76e8 OMP thread 3
- MPI Rank 3
- 1.09e9 Master thread
- 9.06e8 OMP thread 1
- 9.04e8 OMP thread 2
- 9.02e8 OMP thread 3

All (32 elements)

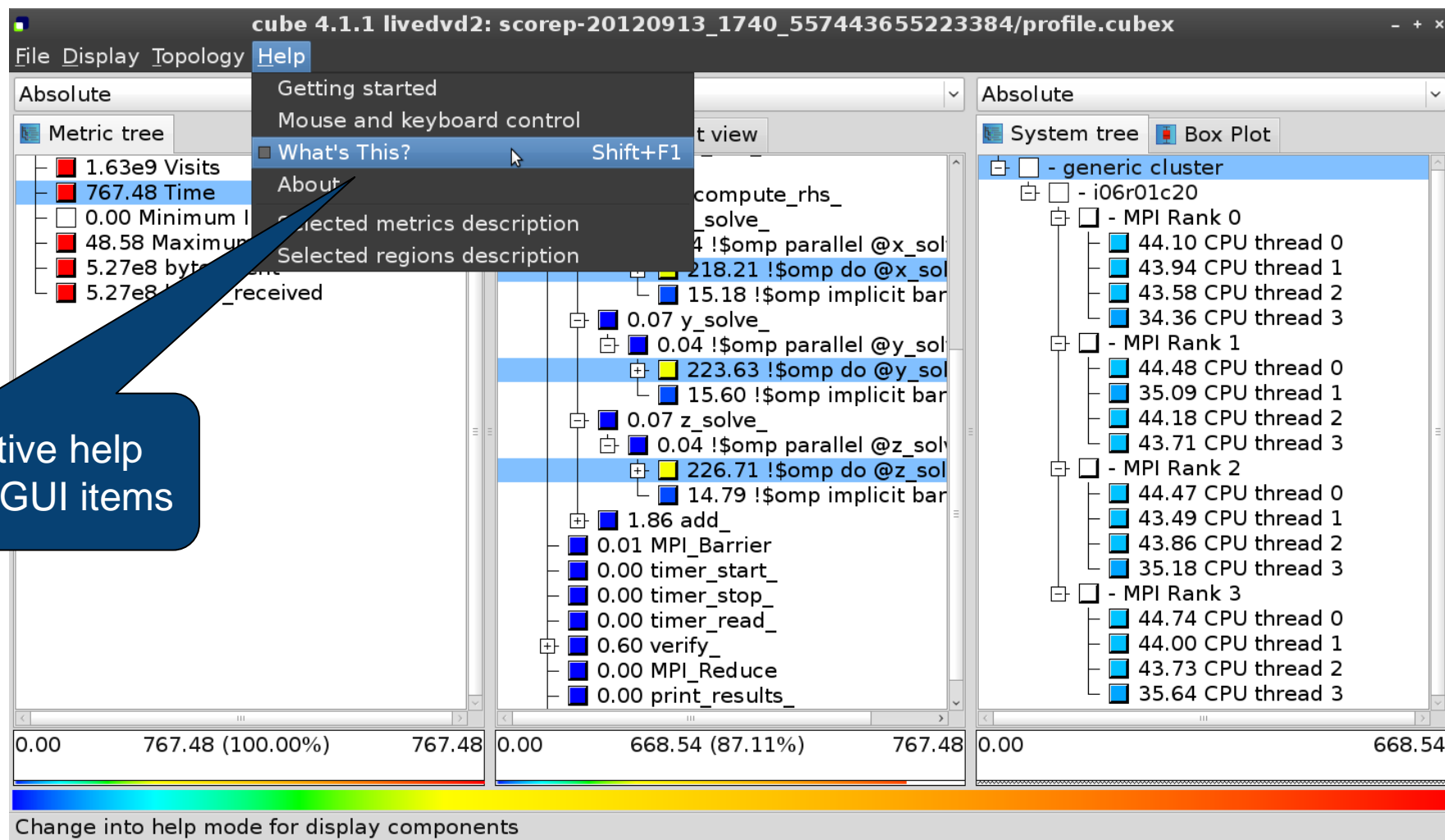
0.00 1.84e9 (100.00%) 1.84e9

0.00 9.65e8 (-0.00%) -12858016489314434.00

0.00... -179769313486231570814527423731704356798070...

Selected "\$omp do @exact_rhs.f:46"

Context-sensitive help



CUBE algebra utilities

- Extracting solver sub-tree from analysis report

```
% cube_cut -r '<<ITERATION>>' scorep_bt-mz_B_8x8_sum/profile.cubex  
Writing cut.cubex... done.
```

- Calculating difference of two reports

```
% cube_diff scorep_bt-mz_B_8x8_sum/profile.cubex cut.cubex  
Writing diff.cubex... done.
```

- Additional utilities for merging, calculating mean, etc.
- Default output of cube_utility is a new report utility.cubex
- Further utilities for report scoring & statistics
- Run utility with “-h” (or no arguments) for brief usage info

Loop Unrolling

- Show time dependent behavior by unrolling iterations

- Preparations:

- Mark loops by using Score-P user instrumentation in your source code

```
SCOREP_USER_REGION_BEGIN( scorep_bt_loop, "<<bt_iter>>", SCOREP_USER_REGION_TYPE_DYNAMIC )
```

- Result in the CUBE profile:

- Iterations shown as separate call trees

- Useful for checking results for specific iterations

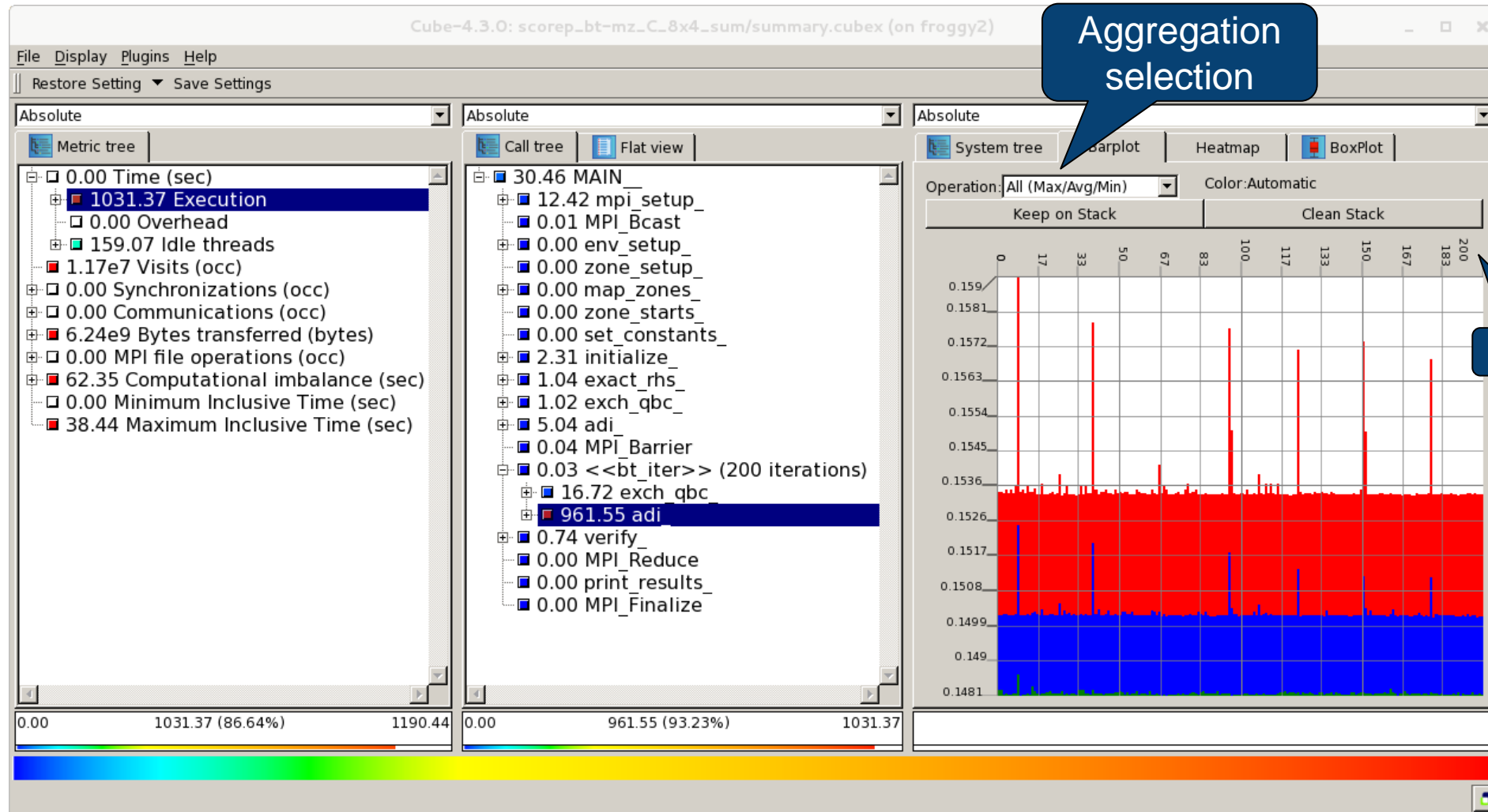
or

- Select your user instrumented region and mark it as loop

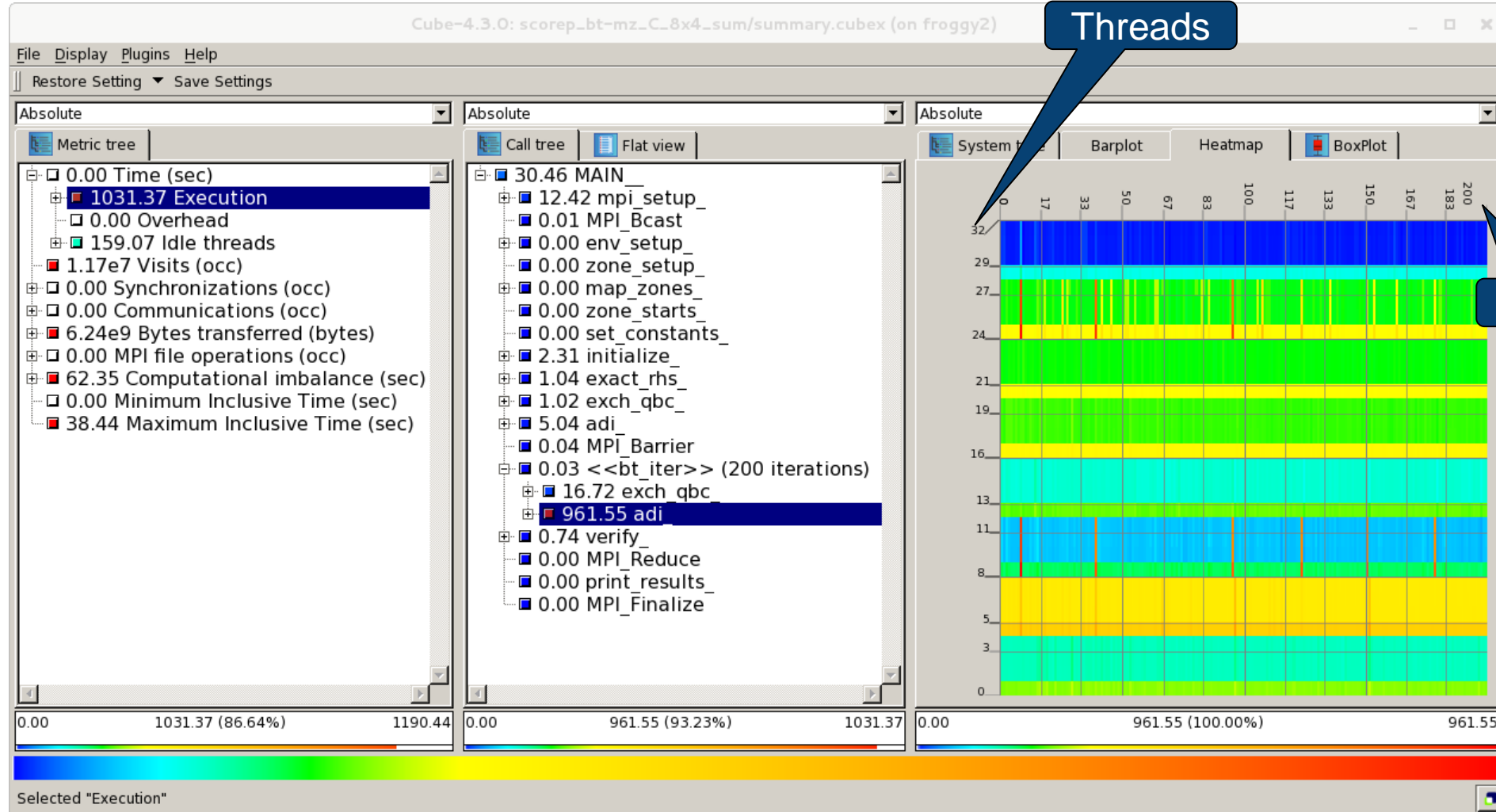
- Choose hide iterations

- View the Barplot statistics or the (thread x iterations) Heatmap

Loop Unrolling - Barplot



Loop Unrolling – Heatmap



Further information

CUBE

- Parallel program analysis report exploration tools
 - Libraries for XML report reading & writing
 - Algebra utilities for report processing
 - GUI for interactive analysis exploration
- Available under New BSD open-source license
- Documentation & sources:
 - <http://www.scalasca.org>
- User guide also part of installation:
 - ``cube-config --cube-dir` /share/doc/CubeGuide.pdf`
- Contact:
 - mailto: scalasca@fz-juelich.de



Obtaining a profile from BT-MZ

- module load scorep cube
- You need the scorep-enabled version of BT-MZ
- Run the command “cube” on the command line. You will be shown a “blank” screen
- File->Open
- Go to the bin.scorep/ directory of BT. Find the profile execution “scorep-20151028_XXXX_XXXXXXXXXX/profile.cubex”
- You now have the results of your execution!