Virtual Institute – High Productivity Supercomputing



scalasca Tutorial Exercise NPB-MZ-MPI/BT

Brian Wylie & Markus Geimer Jülich Supercomputing Centre scalasca@fz-juelich.de August 2012





- 0. Reference preparation for validation
- 1. Program instrumentation: skin
- 2. Summary measurement collection & analysis: scan [-s]
- 3. Summary analysis report examination: square
- 4. Summary experiment scoring: square -s
- 5. Event trace collection & analysis: scan -t
- 6. Event trace analysis report examination: square
- Configuration & customization
 - Instrumentation, Measurement, Analysis, Presentation



- Intermediate-level tutorial example
- Available in MPI, OpenMP & hybrid OpenMP/MPI variants
 - also MPI File I/O variants (collective & individual)
- Summary measurement collection & analysis
 - Automatic instrumentation
 - OpenMP, MPI & application functions
 - Summary analysis report examination
 - PAPI hardware counter metrics
- Trace measurement collection & analysis
 - Filter determination, specification & configuration
 - Automatic trace analysis report patterns
- Manual and PDT instrumentation
- Measurement configuration
- Analysis report algebra

• Load the module

% module load UNITE UNITE loaded % module load scalasca scalasca/1.4.2 loaded

• ... and run scalasca for brief usage information

```
% scalasca
Scalasca 1.4.2
Toolset for scalable performance analysis of large-scale applications
usage: scalasca [-v][-n] {action}
    1. prepare application objects and executable for measurement:
       scalasca -instrument <compile-or-link-command>
                                                             # skin
    2. run application under control of measurement system:
       scalasca -analyze <application-launch-command>
                                                             # scan
    3. interactively explore measurement analysis report:
       scalasca -examine <experiment-archive|report>
                                                             # square
   -v: enable verbose commentary
   -n: show actions without taking them
   -h: show quick reference quide (only)
```



• Prefix compile/link commands in Makefile definitions (config/make.def) with the Scalasca instrumenter

• or use PREP macro as customizable preparation preposition

```
MPIF77 = $(PREP) mpif77
```

- By default, PREP macro is not set and no instrumentation is performed for a regular "production" build
- Specifying a PREP value in the Makefile or on the make command line uses it as a preposition, e.g., for instrumentation
 - % make PREP="scalasca -instrument" ... scalasca -instrument mpif77 -0 -fopenmp -c bt.f

• Return to root directory and clean-up

% make clean

• Re-build specifying Scalasca instrumenter as PREP

```
% make bt-mz CLASS=B NPROCS=4 PREP="scalasca -instrument"
cd BT-MZ; make CLASS=B NPROCS=4 VERSION=
gmake: Entering directory 'BT-MZ'
cd ../sys; cc -o setparams setparams.c
../sys/setparams bt-mz 4 B
scalasca -instrument mpif77 -c -0 -fopenmp bt.f
. . .
scalasca -instrument mpif77 -c -0 -fopenmp setup mpi.f
cd ../common; scalasca -instrument mpif77 -c -0 -fopenmp timers.f
scalasca -instrument mpif77 -0 -fopenmp -o ../bin.scalasca/bt-mz B.4 \
bt.o make set.o initialize.o exact solution.o exact rhs.o \
set constants.o adi.o define.o copy faces.o rhs.o solve subs.o \
x solve.o y solve.o z solve.o add.o error.o verify.o setup mpi.o \
../common/print results.o ../common/timers.o
INFO: Instrumented executable for OMP+MPI measurement
gmake: Leaving directory 'BT-MZ'
```

• Run the application using the Scalasca measurement collection & analysis nexus prefixed to launch command

VI-HPS

```
% cd bin.scalasca
% OMP NUM THREADS=4 scalasca -analyze mpiexec -np 4 ./bt-mz B.4
S=C=A=N: Scalasca 1.3 runtime summarization
S=C=A=N: ./epik bt-mz B 4x4 sum experiment archive
S=C=A=N: Sun Mar 29 16:36:31 2009: Collect start
mpiexec -np 4 ./bt-mz B.4
[00000]EPIK: Created new measurement archive ./epik bt-mz B 4x4 sum
[00000]EPIK: Activated ./epik bt-mz B 4x4 sum [NO TRACE] (0.006s)
         [... Application output ...]
[00000]EPIK: Closing experiment ./epik bt-mz B 4x4 sum
[00000]EPIK: 164 unique paths (178 max paths, 7 max frames, 0 unknown)
[00000]EPIK: Unifying... done (0.023s)
[00000]EPIK: Collating... done (0.049s)
[00000]EPIK: Closed experiment ./epik bt-mz B 4x4 sum (0.073s)
S=C=A=N: Sun Mar 29 16:36:45 2009: Collect done (status=0) 57s
S=C=A=N: ./epik bt-mz B 4x4 sum complete.
```

Produces experiment directory ./epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_sum

Interactive exploration with Scalasca GUI

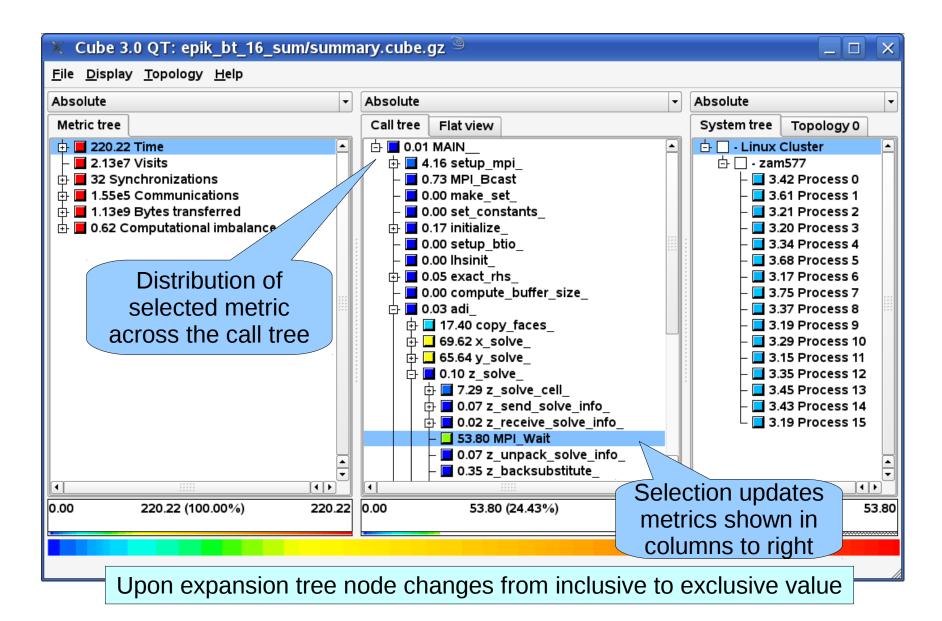
% scalasca -examine epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_sum INFO: Post-processing runtime summarization result... INFO: Displaying ./epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_sum/summary.cube...

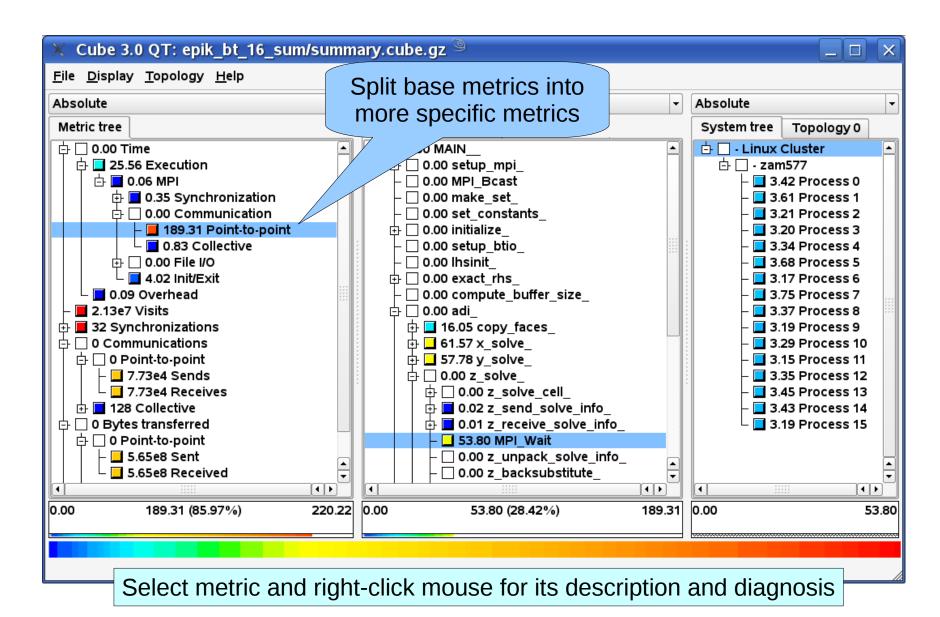
[GUI showing summary analysis report]

- The measurement archive directory ultimately contains
 - a copy of the execution output (epik.log)
 - a record of the measurement configuration (epik.conf)
 - the basic analysis report that was collated after measurement (epitome.cube)
 - the complete analysis report produced during post-processing (summary.cube.gz)

X Cube 3.0 QT: epik_bt_16_su	m/summary.cube.gz 🥯		_ 🗆 🗙
<u>F</u> ile <u>D</u> isplay <u>T</u> opology <u>H</u> elp			
Absolute	 ✓ Absolute 	Absolute	•
Metric tree	Call tree Flat view	System tree	Topology 0
 220.22 Time 2.13e7 Visits 32 Synchronizations 1.55e5 Communications 1.13e9 Bytes transferred 0.62 Computational imbalance 	About Cube 3.0 QT ? X This is Cube 3.0 QT ? X This is Cube 3.0 QT. (c) 2009 Juelich Supercomputing Centre, Forschungszentrum Juelich GmbH Home page: www.scalasca.org Technical support: scalasca@fz-juelich.de	t 220.22 Li	nux Cluster
•			۲ ۲
0.00 220.22 (100.00%)	220.22 0.00 220.22 (100.00%) 220.22	2 0.00 220.22 (1	00.00%) 220.22
Left-click mouse o	n [+] tree nodes to individually expan	d/collapse	them

X Cube 3.0 QT: epik_bt_16_s	um/summ	ary.cube.	gz 🎯				×
<u>F</u> ile <u>D</u> isplay <u>T</u> opology <u>H</u> elp							
Absolute	-	Absolute		•	Absolute		-
Metric tree		Call tree	Flat view		System tree	Topology 0	
 ■ 220.22 Time 2.13e7 Visits 32 Synchronizations 1.55e5 Communications 1.13e9 Bytes transferred 0.62 Computational imbalance 		⊡ 220	.22 MAIN	Distribu	- 13. - 13.		
• ·	↓ 220.22	0.00	220.22 (100.0	•••• selected for call p		22	• 0.22
				process			
Large system	trees of	ften mo	ore conven	iently shown to	opologica	lly	11





Analysis report exploration (source browser)

× /home/wylie/test/NPB3.3/NPB3.3-MPI/BT/z_solve.f [◎] ? _ □ ×	
c in our terminology stage is the number of the cell in the y-dir- c i.e. stage = 1 means the start of the line stage=ncells means e	be.gz ⁽³⁾
<pre>do stage = 1,ncells c = slice(3,stage) isize = cell_size(1,c) - 1 jsize = cell_size(2,c) - 1 ksize = cell_size(3,c) - 1</pre>	Jte → Absolute → ree Flat view System tree Topology 0
<pre>c set last-cell flag c if (stage .eq. ncells) then last = 1 else last = 0 endif if (stage .eq. 1) then c first = 1 c call lhsz(c) call z_solve_cell(first,last,c) else c first = 0 c not the first cell of this line, so receive info from c processor working on preceeding cell c call z_receive_solve_info(recv_id,c) c call z_receive_solve_info(recv_id,c) c call lhsz(c) c call lhsz(c) c call lhsz(c)</pre>	ee Flat view System tree Topology 0 0.00 MAIN
<pre>c</pre>	Image: Construction of the construc
Read only Save Save as Font Close Source location requires	s debug information (compile/link with -g flag)

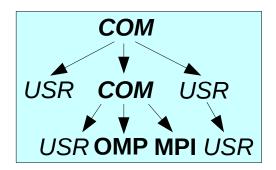
- If you made it this far, you successfully used Scalasca to
 - instrument the application
 - analyze its execution with a summary measurement, and
 - examine it with the interactive analysis report explorer GUI
- ... revealing the call-path profile annotated with
 - Time metrics (including MPI & OpenMP times)
 - Visit counts
 - MPI message statistics (sends/receives, bytes sent/received)
 - Computational imbalance
- ... but how *good* was the measurement?
 - The measured execution produced the desired valid result
 - however, the execution took rather longer than expected!
 - even when ignoring measurement start-up/completion, therefore
 - ► it was probably dilated by instrumentation/measurement overhead

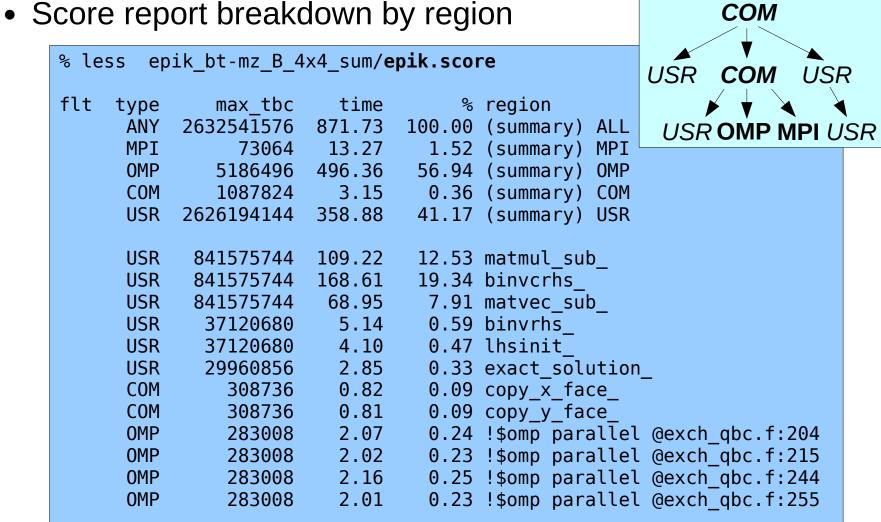
• Report scoring as textual output

% scalasca -examine -s epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_sum cube3_score -r ./epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_sum/summary.cube Reading ./epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_sum/summary.cube... done. Est. aggregate size of event trace (total_tbc): 39,231,218,072 bytes Est. size of largest process trace (max_tbc): 2,632,541,576 bytes (When tracing set ELG_BUFFER_SIZE to avoid intermediate flushes or reduce requirements using filter file listing names of USR regions.)

INFO: Score report written to ./epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_sum/epik.score

- Region/callpath classification
 - MPI (pure MPI library functions)
 - OMP (pure OpenMP functions/regions)
 - USR (user-level source local computation)
 - COM ("combined" USR + OpenMP/MPI)
 - ANY/ALL (aggregate of all region types)





. . .

- Summary measurement analysis score reveals
 - Total size of event trace would be almost 40GB
 - Maximum trace buffer size would be over 2.5GB per thread
 - smaller buffer would require flushes to disk during measurement resulting in substantial perturbation
 - 99.76% of the trace requirements are for USR regions
 - purely computational routines never found on COM call-paths common to communication routines
 - These USR regions contribute around 40% of total time
 - however, much of that is very likely to be measurement overhead for a few frequently-executed small routines
- Advisable to tune measurement configuration
 - Specify an adequate trace buffer size
 - Specify a filter file listing (USR) regions not to be measured

• Report scoring with prospective filter listing USR regions

```
% scalasca -examine -s -f bt.filt epik bt-mz B 4x4 sum
      cube3 score -r -f bt.filt ./epik bt-mz B 4x4 sum/summary.cube
      Applying filter "./bt.filt":
      Estimated aggregate size of event trace (total tbc):
                                                            16,852,888 bytes
      Estimated size of largest process trace (max tbc):
                                                            1,053,304 bytes
      INFO: Score report written to ./epik bt-mz B 4x4 sum/epik.score bt.filt
      % less epik bt-mz B 4x4 sum/epik.score bt.filt
      flt
                    max tbc
                                time
                                           % region
            type
             FLT 2626190016
                              358.88 41.17 (summary) FLT
        +
        *
             ANY
                    6351584
                              512.85 58.83 (summary) ALL-FLT
                      73064 13.27 1.52 (summary) MPI-FLT
             MPI
                                                                  % cat bt.filt
             OMP
                    5186496
                              496.36
                                       56.94 (summary) OMP-FLT
                                                                  # bt-mz filter
        *
                                        0.36 (summary) COM-FLT
             COM
                    1087824
                                3.15
                                                                  matmul sub
        *
             USR
                       4152
                                0.00
                                        0.00 (summary) USR-FLT
                                                                  binvcrhs
                                                                  matvec sub
                                      109.22
                                               12.53 matmul sub
             USR
                     841575744
        +
                                                                  binvrhs
Filtered
             USR
                     841575744
                                      168.61
                                               19.34 binvcrhs
        +
                                                                  lhsinit
routines +
             USR
                     841575744
                                       68.95
                                              7.91 matvec sub
                                                                  exact solution
marked
                                                0.59 binvrhs
             USR
                      37120680
                                        5.14
        +
                                                                  timer *
             USR
                                        4.10
                                                0.47 lhsinit
                      37120680
with '+'
        +
             USR
                      29960856
                                        2.85
                                                0.33 exact solution
        +
      . . .
```

• Rename former measurement archive directory, set new filter configuration and re-run the measurement

VI-HPS

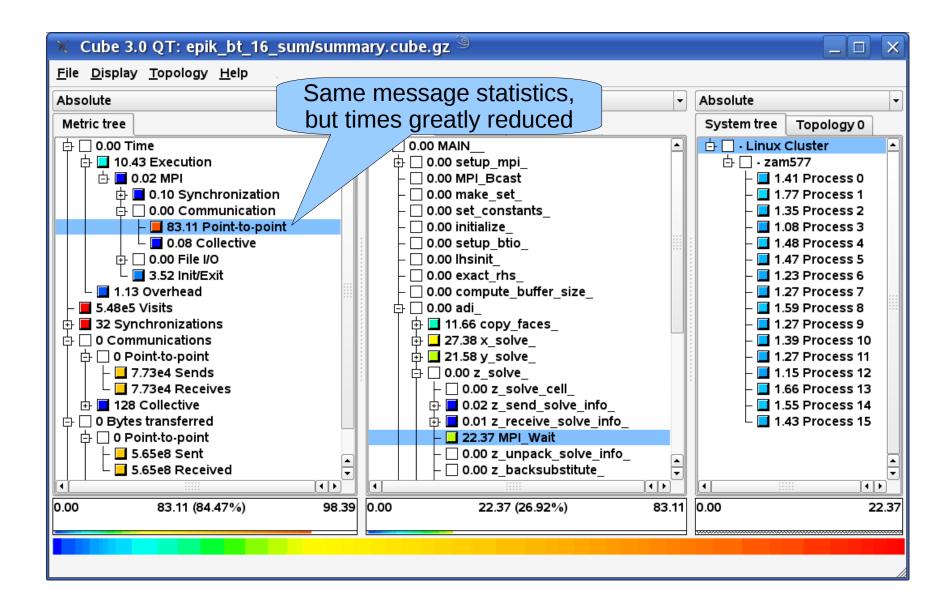
```
% mv epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_sum epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_sum.nofilt
% export EPK_FILTER=bt.filt
% OMP_NUM_THREADS=4 scalasca -analyze mpiexec -np 4 ./bt-mz_B.4
S=C=A=N: Scalasca 1.3 runtime summarization
S=C=A=N: ./epik_bt-mz_4x4_sum experiment archive
S=C=A=N: Sun Mar 29 16:58:34 2009: Collect start
mpiexec -np 4 ./bt-mz_B.4
[00000.0]EPIK: Created new measurement archive ./epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_sum
[00000.0]EPIK: EPK_FILTER "bt.filt" filtered 10 of 113 functions
[00000.0]EPIK: Activated ./epik bt-mz B 4x4 sum [N0 TRACE] (0.071s)
```

[... Application output ...]

[00000.0]EPIK: Closing experiment ./epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_sum [00000.0]EPIK: 134 unique paths (148 max paths, 7 max frames, 0 unkns) [00000.0]EPIK: Unifying... done (0.014s) [00000.0]EPIK: Collating... done (0.059s) [00000.0]EPIK: Closed experiment ./epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_sum (0.075s) S=C=A=N: Sun Mar 29 16:58:41 2009: Collect done (status=0) 36s S=C=A=N: ./epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_sum complete. • Scoring of new analysis report as textual output

```
% scalasca -examine -s epik bt-mz B 4x4 sum
INFO: Post-processing runtime summarization result...
cube3_score ./epik_bt-mz_B_4x4 sum/summary.cube
Estimated aggregate size of event trace (total tbc):
                                                       83,920,952 bytes
                                                        6,351,584 bytes
Estimated size of largest process trace (max tbc):
. . .
INFO: Score report written to ./epik bt-mz B 4x4 sum/epik.score
flt
     type
                max tbc
                                 time
                                             % region
                               531.69
      ANY
                6351584
                                        100.00 (summary)
                                                         ALL
      MPI
                  73064
                                 13.27
                                          2.50 (summary)
                                                         MPI
                                         96.88 (summary)
      OMP
                5186496
                                515.11
                                                         OMP
                                          0.61 (summary)
      COM
                1087824
                                  3.22
                                                         COM
      USR
                   4152
                                  0.00
                                          0.00 (summary)
                                                         USR
```

- Significant reduction in runtime (measurement overhead)
 - Not only reduced time for USR regions, but OMP reduced too!
- Further measurement tuning (filtering) may be appropriate
 - e.g., "timer_*" filters timer_start_, timer_read_, etc.



• Re-run the application using Scalasca nexus with "-t" flag

VI-HPS

```
% OMP NUM THREADS=4 scalasca -analyze -t mpiexec -np 4 ./bt-mz B.4
S=C=A=N: Scalasca trace collection and analysis
S=C=A=N: ./epik bt-mz B 4x4 trace experiment archive
S=C=A=N: Sun Apr 5 18:50:57 2009: Collect start
mpiexec -np 4 ./bt-mz B.4
[00000.0]EPIK: Created new measurement archive ./epik bt-mz B 4x4 trace
[00000.0]EPIK: EPK FILTER "npb.filt" filtered 10 of 113 functions
[00000.0]EPIK: Activated ./epik bt-mz B 4x4 trace [10000000 bytes] (0.051s)
          [... Application output ...]
[00000.0]EPIK: Closing experiment ./epik bt-mz B 4x4 trace [0.069GB] (max 18466028)
[00000.0]EPIK: Flushed 6351570 bytes to file ./epik bt-mz B 4x4 trace/ELG/00000
[00000.0]EPIK: 134 unique paths (148 max paths, 7 max frames, 0 unknowns)
[00000.0]EPIK: Unifying... done (0.021s)
[00003.0]EPIK: Flushed 6351570 bytes to file ./epik bt-mz B 4x4 trace/ELG/00003
[00001.0]EPIK: Flushed 6351570 bytes to file ./epik bt-mz B 4x4 trace/ELG/00001
[00000.0]EPIK: 1flush=0.001GB@2.582MB/s, Pflush=0.015GB@35.458MB/s
[00000.0]EPIK: Closed experiment ./epik bt-mz B 4x4 trace (0.178s)
S=C=A=N: Sun Apr 5 18:51:05 2009: Collect done (status=0) 41s
[.. continued ...]
```

 Separate trace file per MPI rank written straight into new experiment directory ./epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_trace • Continues with automatic (parallel) analysis of trace files

VI-HP

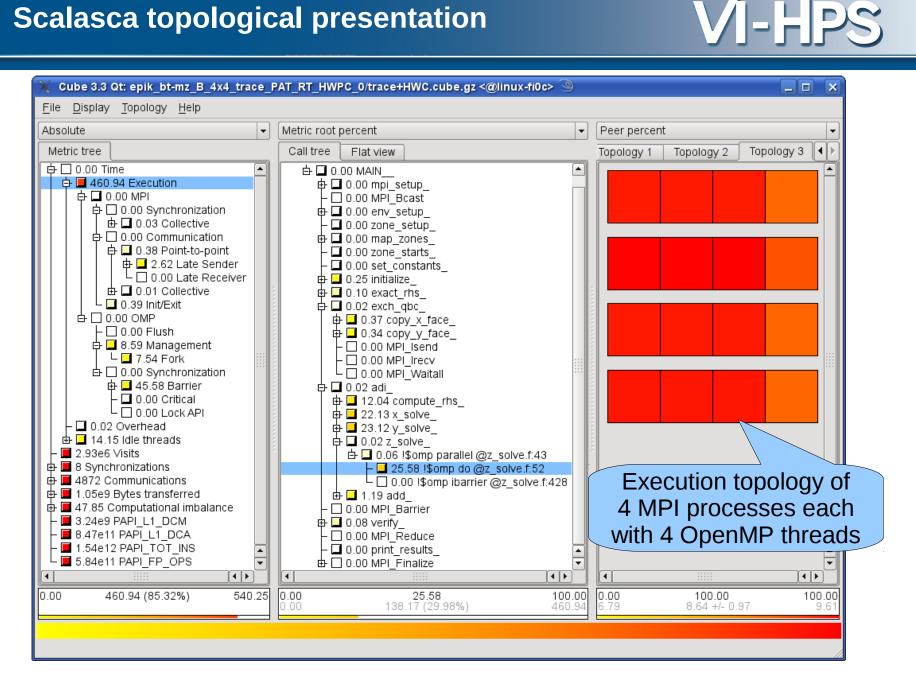
```
S=C=A=N: Sun Apr 5 18:51:05 2009: Analyze start
mpiexec -np 4 scout.hyb ./epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_trace
SCOUT Copyright (c) 1998-2009 Forschungszentrum Juelich GmbH
Analyzing experiment archive ./epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_trace
Reading definitions file ... done (0.563s).
Reading event trace files ... done (0.495s).
Preprocessing ... done (0.134s).
Analyzing event traces ... done (2.186s).
Writing CUBE report ... done (0.160s).
Total processing time : 3.737s
Max. memory usage : 47.504MB
S=C=A=N: Sun Apr 5 18:51:09 2009: Analyze done (status=0) 4s
S=C=A=N: ./epik bt-mz B 4x4 trace complete.
```

• Produces trace analysis report in experiment directory

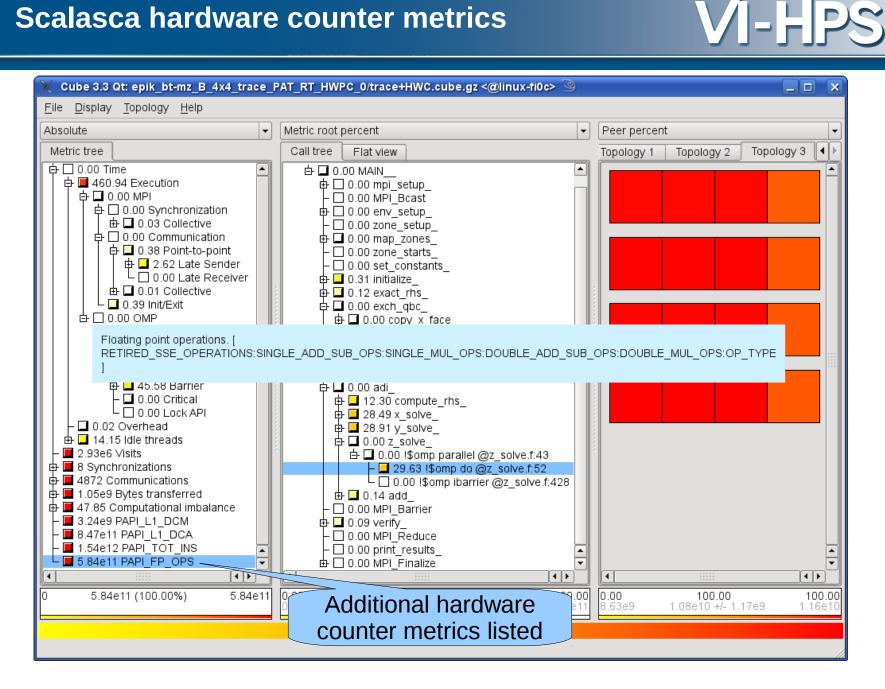
```
% scalasca -examine epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_trace
INFO: Post-processing runtime summarization result...
INFO: Post-processing trace analysis report ...
INFO: Displaying ./epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_trace/trace.cube...
```

[GUI showing trace analysis report]

Scalasca topological presentation

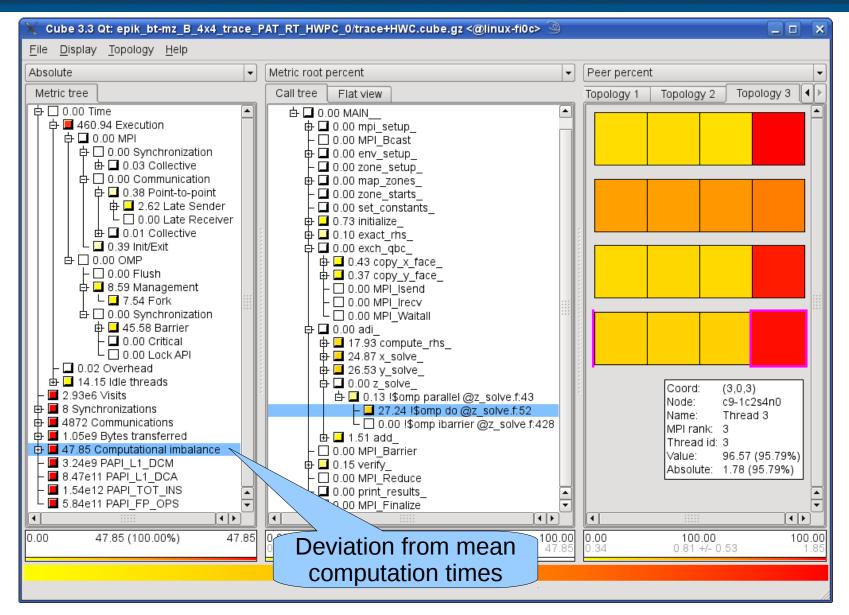


Scalasca hardware counter metrics



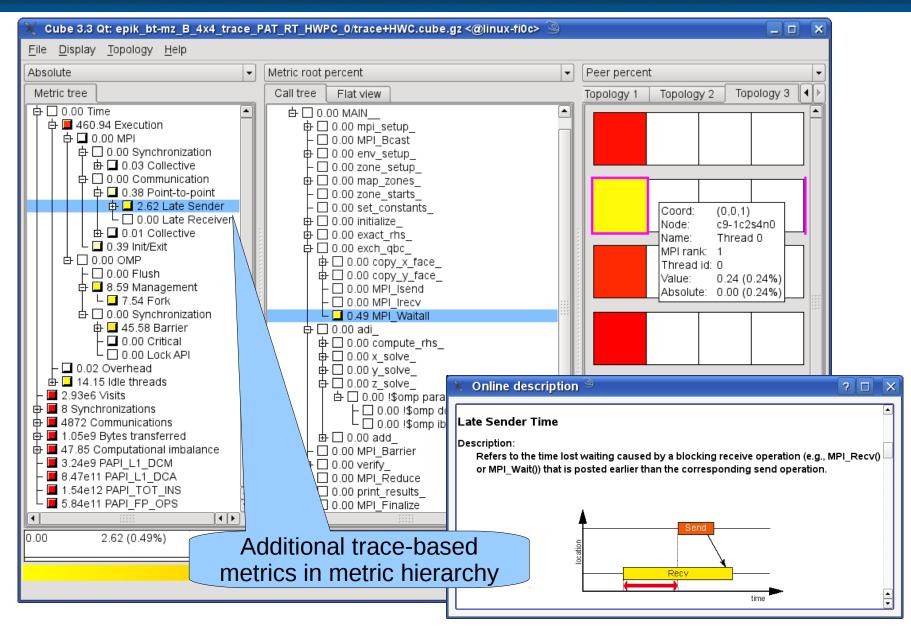
Scalasca computational imbalance heuristic





Scalasca trace analysis report exploration





• Scalasca analysis reports can be viewed with *ParaProf* for a multitude of interactive 2D & 3D graphical profiles

% paraprof epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_trace_PAT_RT_HWPC_0/trace.cube.gz

• Scalasca traces can be viewed directly with *Vampir7* for interactive timeline and communication matrix displays

% vampir epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_trace_PAT_RT_HWPC_0/epik.esd

• Scalasca traces can also be merged and then converted to the formats of other analysis and visualization tools

% elg_merge epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_trace_PAT_RT_HWPC_0

% elg2prv epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_trace_PAT_RT_HWPC_0

- % wxparaver epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_trace_PAT_RT_HWPC_0/epik.prv
- Trace merging and conversion are both done serially and therefore only practical for relatively small traces.
- External tools can often manage to analyze traces that Scalasca's automatic trace analyzer can't handle

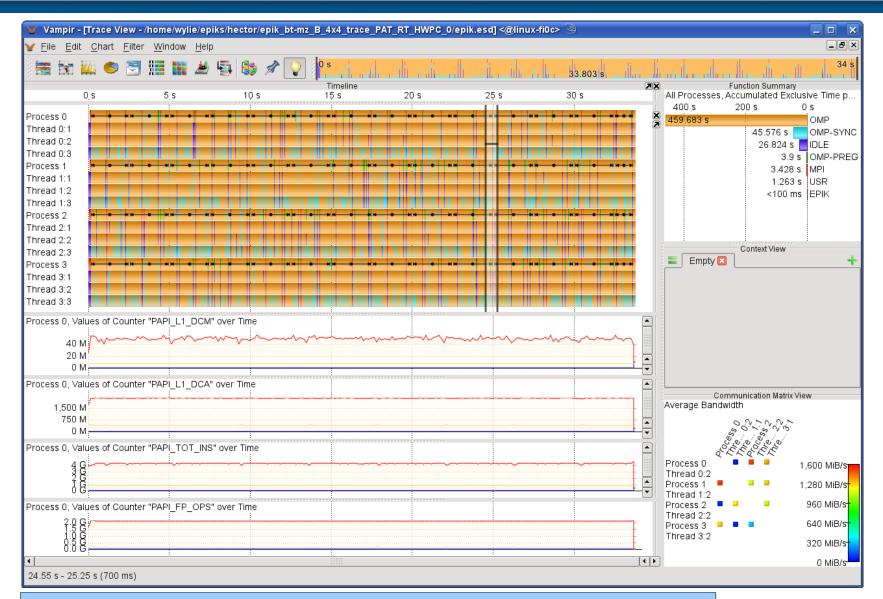
Paraprof views of Scalasca analysis report



📧 TAU: ParaProf Manager 🥥	TAU: ParaProf: Function Data Window: epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_t	trace 💶 🗆 🗙			
File Options Help	File Options Windows Help				
 Applications Standard Applications 	Name: main => MAIN => adi_ => z_solve_ => !\$omp parallel @z_solv do @z_solve.f:52 Metric Name: Time Value: Exclusive Units: seconds 9.609	/e.f:43 => !\$omp node 1, thread 2			
TAU: ParaProf: epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_trace_PAT_RT_HWP	9.547	node 1, thread 0			
File Options Windows Help	9.54	node 1, thread 1			
Metric: Time	9.118 9.118	node 3, thread 0 node 3, thread 2			
Value: Exclusive	9.104	node 3, thread 1			
	9.057	node 2, thread 1			
Std. Dev.	9.037	node 2, thread 2 node 2, thread 0			
Mean node 0, thread 0	9.023	node 0, thread 1			
node 0, thread 1	8.995	node 0, thread 0			
node 0, thread 2	8.977	node 0, thread 2			
node 0, thread 3	8.636	mean node 1, thread 3			
node 1, thread 0	6.911	node 2, thread 3			
node 1, thread 2	6.851	node 3, thread 3			
node 1, thread 3	6.788	node 0, thread 3			
node 2, thread 0 node 2, thread 1	0.971	std. dev.			
node 2, thread 2					
node 2, thread 3					
node 3, thread 0					
node 3, thread 1					
node 3, thread 2					
	np parallel @z_solve.f:43 => !\$omp do @z_solve.f:52				
Exclusive Time: 9.118 seconds					
Inclusive Time: 9.118 seconds					
Calls: 3216.0					
<pre>% paraprof epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_trace_PAT_RT_HWPC_0/trace.cube.gz</pre>					

Vampir visual trace exploration (overview)

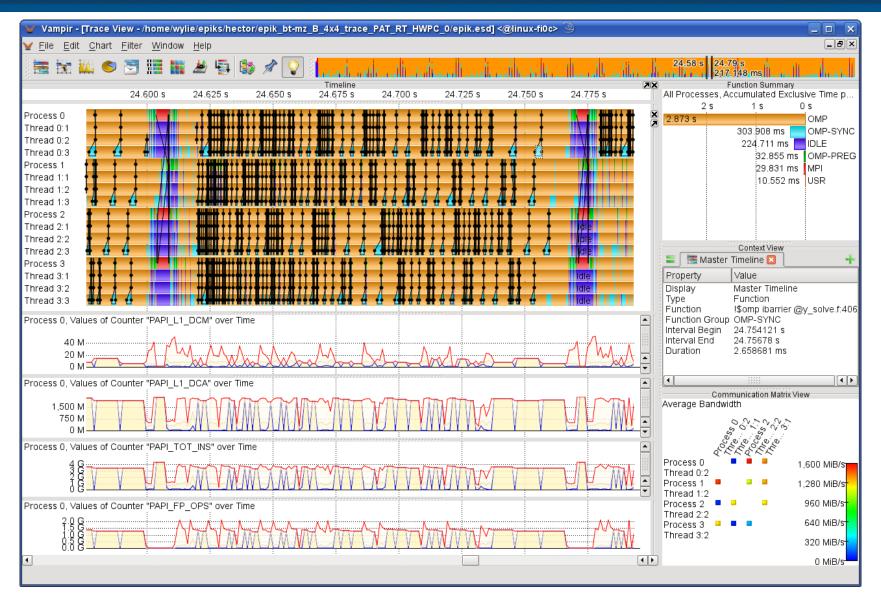




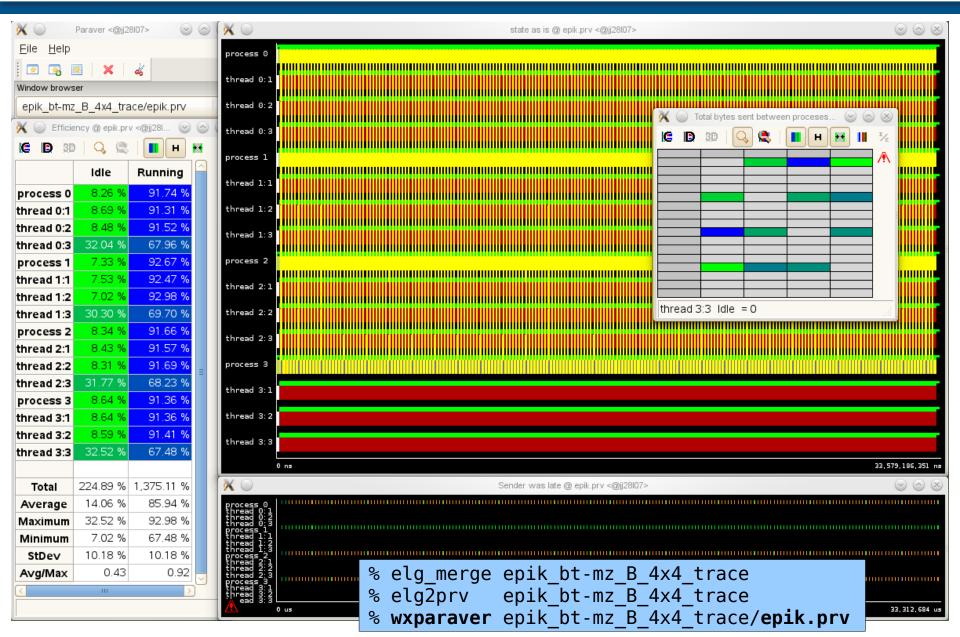
% vampir epik_bt-mz_B_4x4_trace_PAT_RT_HWPC_0/epik.esd

Vampir visual trace exploration (zoom)





Trace conversion & analysis with Paraver



- Traces can easily become extremely large and unwieldy
 - size is proportional to number of processes/threads (width), duration (length) and detail (depth) of measurement

- Traces containing intermediate flushes are of little value
 - uncoordinated flushes result in cascades of distortion
 - ► reduce size of trace such that it fits in available buffer space
- Traces should generally be written to a parallel filesystem
 - /work or /scratch are typically provided for this purpose
- Moving large traces between filesystems often impractical
 - however, systems with more memory can analyse larger traces
 - ► alternatively, run trace analyzer with undersubscribed nodes
- Traces can be archived or deleted after analysis completed to recover storage space
 - Scalasca binary trace data is stored in the ELG subdirectory

- VI-HPS
- Consult quick reference guide for further information

% scalasca -h Scalasca 1.4 - quick reference guide pdfview /UNITE/packages/scalasca/1.4/doc/manuals/QuickReference.pdf [PDF viewer showing quick reference guide]

- CUBE GUI provides context sensitive help and on-line metric descriptions (including problem diagnosis hints)
- EPIK archive directories contain analysis report(s), measurement collection & analysis logs, etc.
- Instrumentation, measurement, analysis & presentation can all be extensively customized
 - covered in more detailed presentation
- Visit www.scalasca.org or mail scalasca@fz-juelich.de

- 0. Reference preparation for validation
- 1. Program instrumentation: skin
- 2. Summary measurement collection & analysis: scan [-s]
- 3. Summary analysis report examination: square
- 4. Summary experiment scoring: square -s
- 5. Event trace collection & analysis: scan -t
- 6. Event trace analysis report examination: square
- General usage/help: scalasca [-h]
- Instrumentation, measurement, analysis & presentation can all be extensively customized
 - covered in more detailed presentation
- Visit www.scalasca.org or mail scalasca@fz-juelich.de

• Prepares application objects & executables for measurement

- skin = scalasca -instrument
- skin [options] <compile-or-link-command>
 - defaults to automatic instrumentation of USR routines by compiler
 - available for most compilers, but not all
 - when not desired, disable with -comp=none
 - for OpenMP, includes source-level pre-processing of directives
 - ► for MPI, links wrappers to PMPI library routines
- [-pdt] pre-process sources with PDToolkit (when available)
 - configurable instrumentation of specified routines (or all by default)
- Manual instrumentation activation
 - offers complementary program structure information for analyses via user-provided annotations (e.g., phases, loops, ...)
 - [-user] enable EPIK user instrumentation API macros
 - [-pomp] enable processing of POMP region pragmas/directives³⁷



- Override default instrumenter configuration
 - SKIN_VERBOSE={ 0 | 1 }
 - provides verbose report of instrumenter compile and link commands
 - primarily for debugging and helpful when reporting problems
 - SKIN_MODE={ <u>auto</u> | MPI | MPI+OMP | OMP | serial | none }
 - the instrumenter generally determines the mode itself, but in some cases another mode may be more appropriate
 - "none" can be specified for pre-build configure tests and then unset for the actual build
 - SKIN_COMP={ <u>all</u> | none | ... }
 - compiler instrumentation specification



- The MPI standard specifies the PMPI library interposition ("wrapping") mechanism based on weak symbols
 - simply requires re-linking statically-linked executables or library preloading for dynamically-linked executables
 - widely used by debugging and performance tools
 - generally negligible measurement overhead
 - event traces still grow linearly with number of MPI events!
 - certain MPI operations may be executed many times
 - e.g., MPI_Iprobe
 - Iocal functions may have disproportionate overheads
 - e.g., MPI_Comm_size
- Scalasca can be configured to provide wrappers for almost all or subsets of MPI routines, from which subgroups can be enabled for measurements via EPK_MPI_ENABLED

VI-LIPS

- Certain MPI operations are required by the measurement library itself, particularly during initialization & finalization
 - Scalasca measurement is not possible for MPI applications which abort or don't correctly call MPI_Finalize from all ranks
- Scalasca's automatic trace analyzer relies on consistent traces of MPI communication & synchronization events
 - traces don't necessarily have to be complete, provided they are consistent for all MPI processes
- Dynamic process creation (MPI_Spawn) is not supported
- C++ bindings (deprecated by MPI-2.2) are not supported
- Fortran wrappers are based on associated C routines
 - differences in bindings may result in errors during execution or with measurement

- In the absence of compiler support for OpenMP events, non-proprietary tools must rely on source instrumentation
 - OPARI parses source files for OpenMP directives/pragmas and API calls and adds corresponding "POMP" instrumentation
 - parallel regions and worksharing constructs are defined with immediate context based on source filename and linenumber(s)
 - instrumentation can be selectively disabled for locks and other synchronizations which can have potentially high overhead
 - OPARI2 uses more invasive processing to avoid problems with parallel, multi-directory and multi-executable builds
 - also can instrument ORDERED constructs and tasks

- Every source file containing OpenMP must be instrumented
 - OpenMP used within uninstrumented modules or libraries is at best invisible (and likely to result in measurement corruption)
 - Processing source files (particularly Fortran) is challenging and while OPARI2 is improving it is still sometimes incorrect
- Included source files, conditionally-defined code & macros are not processed by OPARI, which can lead to incomplete or inconsistent instrumentation
 - as a workaround files may be explicitly preprocessed prior to instrumentation (and OPARI processing)
- Nested OpenMP parallel regions are not supported and will result in measurement failures even if nesting is disabled
- Consult Scalasca/OPARI2 OPEN_ISSUES for more



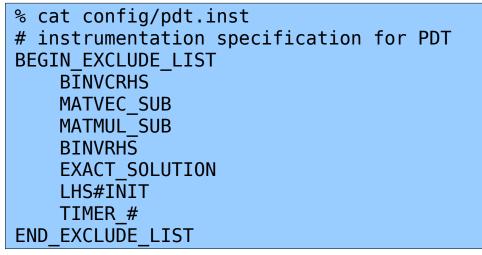
 convenient, reliable and supported by most current compilers, though interfaces and implementations differ considerably

- instrumentation may inhibit or disable compiler optimizations
- routines may be instrumented before or after in-lining
- By default, Scalasca instruments all routines in source file
 - instrumentation of certain source files or routines may result in excessive overheads (even with measurement filtering)
 - use -comp=none to disable compiler instrumentation
 - provide compiler-specific specifications with -comp=...
 - ► refer to compiler manuals for details
 - GCC: -finstrument-functions-exclude-file-list=file1.c,file2.f90
 -finstrument-functions-exclude-function-list=substr1,substr2
 - ► IBM XL: -qfunctrace-func1:routine2:namespace::
 - Intel: -tcollect-filter=<file.txt>

- Automatic source instrumentation using PDToolkit [-pdt]
 - only available if configured when Scalasca installed
- By default, instruments all routines in source file
 - source routines are automatically instrumented by compiler, therefore use -comp=none to avoid duplicate instrumentation

- Selective instrumentation of specified routines
 - optTauSelectFile=<filename>
 - TAU-format plain text specification file
 - Ist names of source files and routines to include/exclude from instrumentation, using wildcard patterns
 - unsupported TAU instrumentation features are silently ignored
 - refer to TAU/PDToolkit documentation for details
 - refer to Scalasca User Guide for known limitations

• List routines with their PDT names one per line



• ... and specify file when instrumenting

- PDT and EPIK user instrumentation macros expand to additional statements in program source files
 - this should be unproblematic, except for fixed-format Fortran where the default line-length limit (72 characters) may be exceeded and result in curious compilation errors
 - Fortran compilers allow extended source lines via special compile flags, e.g.,
 - ► CCE: -N132
 - GNU: -ffixed-line-length-none
 - Intel/Pathscale: -extend-source
 - ► PGI: -Mextend
 - For BT example therefore need to adjust FFLAGS

- EPIK user instrumentation API
 - #include "epik_user.h"
 - EPIK_USER_REG(epik_solve, "<<Solve>>")
 - EPIK_USER_START(epik_solve)
 - EPIK_USER_END(epik_solve)
- Can be used to mark initialization, solver & other phases
 - Annotation macros ignored by default
 - Instrumentation enabled with "-user" flag to instrumenter
 - Also available for Fortran
 - #include "epik_user.inc" and use C preprocessor
- Appear as additional regions in analyses
 - Distinguishes performance of important phase from rest

- In NPB3.3-MZ-MPI/BT-MZ compare bt.f & bt_epik.F
 - the .F suffix indicates that it should be preprocessed
 - otherwise could specify some obscure compiler flags
- EPIK user API #include'd at the top
 - #include "epik_user.inc"
- EPIK user instrumentation macros register & mark phases "<<INIT>>", "<<STEP>>", "<<FINI>>"
- within the main routine "<<MAIN>>"
- Edit BT-MZ/makefile to set: MAIN = bt_epik.F
- Instrument specifying -user and extended source lines

```
% make bt-mz CLASS=W NPROCS=4 PREP="scalasca -inst -comp=none -user" ∖
FFLAGS="-03 -ffixed-line-length-none"
```



- Specifies when measurement should be paused
 - events are not included within call-path summary nor trace
 - reduces measurement overhead and size of data collected
- Can be used for undesired execution phases (e.g., initialization) or particular subsets of iterations
- Pausing regions defined like other user regions
 - EPIK_PAUSE_START()
 - EPIK_PAUSE_END()
- Shown in summary and trace analyses as special region "<<PAUSING>>"
- Pause regions are not synchronized between MPI ranks and are ignored within OpenMP parallel regions
- Nesting of pause regions is not supported

- Runs application under control of measurement system to collect and analyze an execution experiment
 - scan = scalasca -analyze
 - scan [options] <application-launch-command>
 - e.g., scan [options] [\$MPIEXEC [mpiexec-options]] [target [args]]
 - [-s] collect summarization experiment [default]
 - [-t] collect event traces and then analyze them automatically
 - Additional options
 - [-e title] specify experiment archive (directory) name: epik_title
 - ► [-f filter] specify file listing routines to ignore during measurement
 - [-m metric1:metric2:...] include hardware counter metrics
 - ► [-n] preview scan and perform checks but don't execute
 - [-q] quiesce (disable most) measurement collection
 - ► [-a] (re-)analyze a previously collected trace experiment



• Via ./EPIK.CONF file

EPK_FILTER=smg2000.filt EPK_MPI_ENABLED=CG:COLL:ENV:I0:P2P:RMA:TOP0 ELG_BUFFER_SIZE=40000000

• Via environment variables

% export EPK_FILTER=smg2000.filt % export EPK_MPI_ENABLED=CG:COLL:ENV:I0:P2P:RMA:TOP0 % export ELG_BUFFER_SIZE=40000000

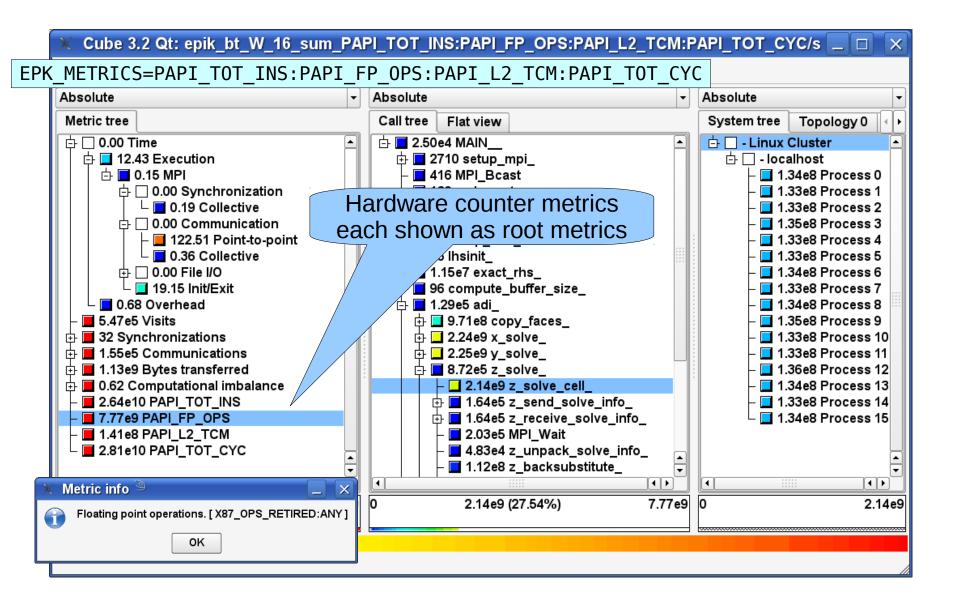
• Via command-line flags (partially)

% scalasca -analyze -f smg2000.filt ...

• To show current/default configuration

% epik_conf

 Actual Scalasca measurement configuration saved in experiment archive as epik.conf





 Specified as a colon-separated list in EPK_METRICS or on command-line

```
EPK_METRICS=PAPI_TOT_INS:PAPI_FP_0PS:PAPI_L2_TCM:PAPI_TOT_CYC
```

scan -m PAPI_TOT_INS:PAPI_FP_OPS:PAPI_L2_TCM:PAPI_TOT_CYC ...

• or use a predefined group from EPK_METRICS_SPEC

EPK_METRICS=ITANIUM2_TLB

• or use another file specifying groups

EPK_METRICS_SPEC=/opt/scalasca/example/METRICS.SPEC_POWER6
EPK_METRICS=PM_BRANCH2

• or define your own groups in a custom specification file

```
# Opteron groupings defined by CrayPAT
aggroup PAT_RT_HWPC_0 = PAPI_L1_DCM PAPI_L1_DCA PAPI_TOT_INS PAPI_FP_OPS
aggroup PAT_RT_HWPC_1 = PAPI_L1_DCM PAPI_L1_DCA PAPI_TLB_DM PAPI_FP_OPS
aggroup PAT_RT_HWPC_6 = PAPI_FPU_IDL PAPI_RES_STL PAPI_STL_ICY INSTRUCTION_FETCH_STALL
aggroup PAT_RT_HWPC_7 = DECODER_EMPTY DISPATCH_STALL_FOR_FPU_FULL DISPATCH_STALLS ...
aggroup PAT_RT_HWPC_10 = PAPI_L2_DCM PAPI_L1_DCA L3_CACHE_MISSES PAPI_L2_DCA
```

- Generally, the SCAN nexus will correctly parse execution command lines, but occasionally you may need to help it
- MPI launcher arguments may need to be explicitly separated from the target application with a double-dash
 % scalasca -analyze mpirun -np 16 -- a.exe arg
- Unusual MPI launcher options may need to be quoted
 % scalasca -analyze mpirun -np 16 "-verbose 2" a.exe arg
 - (On most systems -verbose doesn't take an argument)
- Explicitly specify the instrumented target executable name when using imposition commands/scripts

% export SCAN TARGET=a.exe % scalasca -analyze imposter.sh i.arg a.exe arg % scan -t mpirun -np 16 *imposter.sh i.arg* a.exe arg

(dplace, omplace and numactl are common imposters)

- SCAN_ANALYZE_OPTS specifies trace analyzer options:
 - '-i' enables determination of pattern instance statistics including the worst instance
 - '-s' enables correction of timestamps from compute nodes with insufficiently synchronized clocks
- SCAN_CLEAN specifies whether to remove trace data after successful automatic trace analysis [0]
- SCAN_TRACE_ANALYZER specifies an alternative trace analyzer, or 'none' to skip automatic trace analysis
- SCAN_WAIT specifies max number of seconds to wait after measurement completion for synchronization of the filesystems on compute nodes with the launch node [0]



- Multi-executable (MPMD) executions may work fine, however, there are known limitations and Scalasca may need some assistance
 - all executables need to have been instrumented by Scalasca
 - if any are MPI+OMP, then the first executable also needs to be linked in MPI+OMP mode
 - the number of MPI processes may need to be explicitly specified via SCAN_MPI_RANKS
- MPI launcher specifications in a configuration file are not parsed (even when it is specified on the command line)

- Prepares and presents measurement analysis report(s) for scoring and/or interactive exploration
 - square = scalasca -examine
 - square [options] <experiment-archive|report>
 - e.g., square epik_title
 - Post-processes intermediate measurement analysis reports
 - Launches GUI and presents default analysis report (if multiple reports available)
 - trace analysis given precedence over summary analysis
 - select other reports via File/Open menu
 - [-s] skip display and produce textual score report (epik.score)
 - estimates total trace size and maximum rank trace size
 - breakdown of USR vs. MPI/OMP vs. COM region requirements
 - add [-f test.filt] to test effect of a prospective filter file



• Extracting a sub-tree from an analysis report

```
% cube3_cut -r 'adi_' epik_bt-mz_4x4_sum/summary.cube
Writing cut.cube... done.
```

• Calculating difference of two analysis reports

% cube3_diff epik_bt_9_trace/trace.cube epik_bt_16_trace/trace.cube
Writing diff.cube... done.

• Combining two or more related analysis reports

% cube3_merge trace/trace.cube HWC1/summary.cube HWC2/summary.cube
Writing merge.cube... done.

- Additional algebra utilities for calculating mean, etc.
 - Default output of cube3_utility is a new report utility.cube
- Further utilities for report scoring & statistics
- Run utility with "-h" (or no arguments) for brief usage info

• Example set of experiments collected with and w/o HWC

```
% ls -1d epik_*
epik_bt_B_16_sum_PAT_RT_HWPC_0/
epik_bt_B_16_sum_PAT_RT_HWPC_1/
epik_bt_B_16_sum_PAT_RT_HWPC_7/
epik_bt_B_16_sum_PAT_RT_HWPC_8/
epik_bt_B_16_trace/
```

• Ensure that each is post-processed

% for epik in epik_* ; do scalasca -examine -s \$epik ; done

• Merge the HWC summary reports into the non-HWC report

- Metrics are merged as they are encountered in reports
 - already defined metrics are not modified by later versions
- Since measurements with HWCs have higher overhead, include a non-HWC measurement first

DON'T PANIC!

- Remember the Scalasca User Guide is your friend
- On the assumption that nothing terrible is going to happen, all the advice in this tutorial may be safely ignored
- But if you need more advice, mailto:scalasca@fz-juelich.de